

MT. SAN GABRIELE WITH 1,000 TROOPS TAKEN BY ITALIANS

On Reverse Flank Is Equivalent To Hermaia In Trieste's Defence

SECOND GIBRALTAR

2,000 Feet High, It Had Been Fortified With Extraordinary Care

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 5.—Reuter's Agency confirms a Daily Mail report that the Italians have captured Monte San Gabriele, taking one thousand prisoners. This success is of the highest military importance. Monte San Gabriele is a height of 2,000 feet, four miles north-east of Gorizia and a position of very vital importance for the defence of Trieste. As Mount Hermaia to the south supports the Austrian left before Trieste, so Monte San Gabriele, a veritable Gibraltar, has protected the enemy's right. It had been prepared for defence with extraordinary care, the gun and machine-gun positions being excavated in the solid rock, or defended with armor and concrete, while the steep slopes of the mountain were a tangle of the thickest barbed wire.

FETE WILL BE GIVEN FOR FLOOD VICTIMS

Chinese Red Cross Begins To Raise \$200,000 To Aid 3,000,000 Homeless

To aid the millions of people made destitute by the recent floods in Chihli province the Red Cross Society of China will hold a special lantern parade and fete at the Great World amusement place in the French Concession, for five evenings, beginning tomorrow.

"We are taking over the work of helping the flood victims at the request of the Central Government," said Mr. Wu Ching-chung, secretary of the Society. "We estimate that \$200,000 is necessary for present use and we hope to raise at least that amount. The floods of last month swept through 11 districts. Thousands of persons were drowned. The waters subsided almost as rapidly as they had risen but homes and means of subsistence for the survivors were destroyed. There are 3,000,000 people without help at present. The Central Government and the provincial authorities have done what they could but the aid is only an immediate relief."

Four lantern processions will be held each evening of the fete within the amusement place's grounds. The parade will include illuminated reproductions of aeroplanes, Zeppelins, armed motors and other machinery of the European battlefields as well as groups and figures representing the work and equipment of the Red Cross Societies in the war and all over the world. There will also be an exhibit of old Chinese paintings and a program of foreign and Chinese music, modern and ancient.

Admission prices are to be doubled at the amusement place, the excess to go to the Red Cross, but the Society hopes to get its principal aid by interesting people in the problem and securing voluntary subscriptions.

23 British Vessels Destroyed In Week

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 5.—The Admiralty announces: The number of merchantmen arriving at ports of the United Kingdom last week totalled 2,384 and the number sailing 2,452. There were sunk during the same period, over 1,600 tons, 20; under 1,600 tons, 3. Unsuccessfully attacked, 9.

Moonlight Air-Raid Is New War Experience For London; Eleven Killed, 62 Injured

One Machine Felled; Attack In Three Relieving Squadrons; Germans Claim Destroyed 22 Planes

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 5.—A British official communique reports: "A considerable number of enemy aeroplanes crossed the south-east coast over a wide area, last night. The raiders travelled singly, or in groups, rendering an estimate of their numbers difficult, but possibly there were twenty."

"The first bombs were dropped in the London district, at 11.45 p.m. and continued till 1.40 this morning. Bombs were also dropped in the region of the coast."

"The casualties reported are nine persons killed and 49 injured. The damage done is not extensive. One machine was brought down in the sea, near Sheerness."

Another account says:

Forty bombs were dropped in the London district during the raid last night. Eleven persons were killed and 62 injured. The first intimation that something was happening was the calling out of the special constables and then, at 11.45 p.m. (Tuesday), came the dull boom of distant guns, soon intermingled with the crashing of bombs and the drone of aeroplanes.

Although the moon was shining brightly, there was a slight haze, which rendered the aircraft invisible to the ordinary observer. Unofficial reports speak of heavy firing at the mouth of the Thames, where explosions were heard continually for 25 minutes.

The raiders flew up river and returned an hour later. "All clear" was given in London at 1.59 a.m. (Wednesday).

The raiders were plainly visible at Hampstead, where the sky was clear. Several bombs were heard to

fall in rapid succession and shells were seen bursting high in the air. Absence of Panic

One of the searchlights picked up one of the raiders and held it for some minutes until some of the anti-aircraft guns in the same area opened fire. There was no panic among the inhabitants, but large numbers of women and children rushed for shelter to the Tube.

Some bombs as they fell made a sharp whistling sound and the explosions were louder than those of the Zeppelin bombs. Although the searchlights could not hold the raiders for long, their progress could be marked by the line of bomb-flashes. The number of raiders was estimated at eight or ten.

Apparently, there were three distinct attacking squadrons. Shortly after the first passed out to sea, on its return journey, a second squadron appeared and was followed by a third, which remained around until nearly one o'clock in the morning. The groups appear to have remained for twenty minutes over various districts. One Raider Is Hit

According to an eye-witness, one hostile aircraft was struck. A number of British machines went aloft and were seen maneuvering for battle, but the haze obstructed the results.

The air-raid in the Sheerness and Chatham area, on Monday night, was undertaken by a single aeroplane, probably a Gotha, which arrived when the places of amusement were emptying. Ten bombs were dropped. Only one fell on Chatham naval barracks, but it struck a building where naval men were sleeping in hammocks. The raider was not seen, but its engines were heard.

Despite the havoc wrought by this bomb, the behavior of the naval men was just the same as if they were on the quarter-deck in times of peace.

(By wireless)—A German official communique reports: "There was vigorous activity in the air, day and night. We have bombed Dover, Boulogne and Calais. We have shot down 22 aeroplanes."

Canadian Pacific Line To Publish Sailings

Ban On News Of Arrivals And Departures Of Empress Boats Lifted

The ban has lifted on news of Canadian Pacific sailings. Yesterday it was announced that hereafter the movements of the Empress liners will be published in the same way as other vessels. For some months the company has been forbidden to give out any information publicly as to the date of arrival or sailings of its ships, causing much inconvenience to business firms and individuals in the matter of mail.

The Shanghai agents of the company signalled the abandonment of the interdiction by announcing that the next Empress boat to arrive here from Vancouver will be the Empress of Asia on September 14. The next to leave for Canada and the United States will be the Empress of Japan on September 15.

SCARBOROUGH SHELLED BY TEUTON SUBMARINE

Fires 30 Shots, Half Failing On Shore; 3 People Killed, Five Wounded

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 5.—A British official communique reports: "A submarine appeared off Scarborough, yesterday evening and fired thirty rounds, half of which fell on land. Three persons were killed and five injured. The damage done was slight."

British Airmen Bomb Adrianople's Bridge

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 5.—The Admiralty reports that naval aircraft effectively bombed Adrianople bridge and railway-station, on the night of the 2nd.

Grand Duke Michael Is Accused Of Plot

Ex-Heir Presumptive's Wife And Grand-Duke Dmitri Also Arrested

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Petrograd, September 4.—The newspapers state that the ex-Heir-Presumptive, Grand-Duke Michael Alexandrovich and his wife and Grand-Duke Dmitri Pavlovich are kept under arrest, in connection with the plot against the Revolution, mentioned on the 2nd.

Rumanian Army Vows Never Will Surrender

Germans Still Have Initiative; Seek To Split Defenders At Adjunct Junction

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 5.—The Times' correspondent with the Rumanian army says that the enemy still hold the initiative, but are at present confining themselves to local actions and rectifications of the front. Their efforts seem to be again directed towards the railway junction at Adjunct, in an attempt to split the Rumanian army, who have sworn not to surrender.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For Japan:—
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Hakui M. Sept. 7
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kitano M. Sept. 8
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yohio M. Sept. 11
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Omi Maru Sept. 15
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikugo M. Sept. 18
For U.S., Canada and Europe:—
Per C.M. s.s. China..... Sept. 8
Per T.K.K. s.s. Shinyo M. Sept. 10
Per P.M. s.s. Ecuador..... Sept. 13
Per R.M.S. Em. of Japan Sept. 15
For Europe:—
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Iyo Maru Sept. 21
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kitano M. Sept. 20

WILSON LEADS MARCH THROUGH CAPITAL TO HONOR THE NEW ARMY

Congressmen, Troops and Veterans Parade In Tribute To Draft Recruits

PRESIDENT IS ENVOIOUS

Would Like To Be In Trenches 'To Fight Real Battle' For Independence Of U. S.

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, September 4.—The President today headed a great parade, including members of Congress, high officials, soldiers, marines and Civil War and other veterans, as a tribute to the recruits of the New Army.

New York, September 4.—There was today the second great demonstration within a week in honor of the men called up for the selective drafts, thousands of whom paraded on the eve of their departure for the training camps.

President Wilson, in a message to the United States contingent, said: "I envy the men across the sea. I should like to be on the field and in the trenches, where the real final battle for the independence of the United States will be fought, alongside the other peoples of the world, struggling like ourselves to make an end of those things which are threatening the integrity of their territory and their lives and the very character and independence of their Government."

GERMAN CONSUL'S AIDE ARRESTED AS PLOTTER

Interpreter Held On Charge Of Implication In Chekiang Revolt Conspiracy

Ma Shu-chow, an interpreter in the German Consulate, was arrested Monday at his Nantao residence by the city police authorities charged with implication in a plot to start a revolution in Chekiang. Evidence implicating him was given at the trial of Ma Ju-shao, who was arrested with several bombs in his possession recently at the Shanghai-Hangchow South Station.

The arrest of Ma was revealed through a letter from the Dutch Acting Consul-General to the Office of the Commissioner of Foreign Affairs, asking for the reason. In reply, Commissioner Sah said he would have to ask the Nantao police to furnish the details of the prosecution.

ITALIANS CALLED AWAY FROM GREEK TERRITORY

Commander-in-Chief Gives Order; Cavalry Have Already Left Janina

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Athens, September 5.—The Commander-in-Chief of the Italian forces in the Epirus has been ordered to evacuate Hellenic territory and the Italian cavalry have already left Janina.

PLOT TO ASSASSINATE BORDEN FRUSTRATED

Designs Also On Solicitor-General And Parliament House; 12 Suspects Jailed

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

New York, September 4.—News from Montreal states that plots to assassinate Sir Robert Borden, the Premier of Canada and the Solicitor-General and to dynamite Parliament Building were frustrated by the arrests made in connection with the dynamite outrage at Lord Athelstan's house.

Montreal, September 4.—A merchant with German connections, who is suspected of being the head of the anti-conspiracy terrorists and eleven men who are suspected of being connected with the Athelstan outrage have been detained by the police.

Stars and Stripes Now Fly From The S. S. Vaterland



The steamship Vaterland, former Stripes at her stern. It is said that pride of the Kaiser's merchant marine, moored to a dock in an into commission after \$1,000,000 had been spent on repairs.

GERMAN POST OFFICE SEALED UP BY POLICE

Taken Over On Warrant And Closed Up For Duration Of War

Another German institution in Shanghai was closed up yesterday. In this case it was the German post-office at Foochow and Szechuen Roads.

The procedure was the same as in the sealing of the German bank, club and newspaper offices. A warrant was issued at the instance of the Chinese authorities and countersigned by Mr. Biffert, the Senior Consul.

Shortly after four o'clock in the afternoon a number of Settlement policemen, headed by Inspector Bourke, entered the post-office and seals were affixed to the offices inside and the outside doors.

Verdun Hospitals Are Again German Target

Inmates Killed And Injured; 11 Aeroplanes Brought Down; Flyers Busy Generally

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, September 5.—The official communique issued this afternoon reported: "After a lively bombardment, the Germans yesterday evening attacked Casemates Plateau. Our fire checked the attackers, who were unable to reach our lines."

The artillery struggle continued violently on both banks of the Meuse during the night.

Last night, German aeroplanes again bombed our hospitals in the rear near Verdun. Some men were killed or injured.

The enemy also heavily bombed Bar-le-Duc, with the result that some civilians were killed or wounded. Six enemy aeroplanes were brought down and five fell in their own lines, seriously damaged.

As a reprisal for the bombing of our hospitals, two of our aeroplanes last night bombed Treves. We also made many air-raids on railways-stations, aerodromes, barracks, factories and munition dumps, causing a violent fire among the last named.

London, September 5.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reported yesterday evening: "An air-raid last night, northward of Lens, yielded a number of prisoners and four machine-guns."

There has been a considerable artillery action on the Ypres front. The enemy bombed various places behind our lines. A few soldiers and civilians were killed or injured.

Great aerial activity prevails. We dropped five tons of bombs on enemy railway-stations, billets and aerodromes. We brought down thirteen enemy machines and drove down five. Seven of ours are missing.

Sir Douglas Haig reported this afternoon: "We drove off raiders in the neighborhood of Armentieres. The Portuguese also drove off a raid."

GERMANY GATHERS ALL MEN POSSIBLE TO ATTACK RUSSIA

Seek to Extend New Operations To The Entire Baltic Littoral

WELL BEYOND RIGA

Submarines Join In Attack; Heavy Coast Defence Guns Captured

ORDERLY RETREAT

Continues As Plan, Petrograd Says; To Stand On Riga-Venden Road

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Petrograd, September 5.—The military authorities state that the Germans are endeavoring to extend their operations to the entire Baltic littoral and all their available men and artillery have been assembled for that purpose.

London, September 4.—(By wireless).—A Russian official communique reports: "Our retirement along the Gulf of Riga continues. The enemy have reached the crossings of the Livonian Aa, fifty versts north-eastward of Riga."

"Our troops operating eastward of Riga have retired to Zegewold, Lemburg and Detmesuhbratz. Submarines Attack Coast

"Enemy submarines shelled the coast of Riga."

"Our counter-attacks drove the enemy from the heights near Slobodskia. We took 200 prisoners and restored the position."

A German official communique states: "Our operations at Riga further developed. The heavy coast-guns, including some of 30 centimeter caliber, were captured undamaged."

A Russian semi-official communique states: "After the forcing of the Dvina, the evacuation of Riga was ordered to be expedited. Several units showed exceptional valor. The 1st Battalion of Death charged into the midst of the Germans at a very critical moment, flung the enemy back and pursued them for two miles. Suffer Enormous Losses

"With regard to events on the 1st, the Germans concentrated against the position held by a Russian Division, a preponderating force of artillery which silenced the Russian batteries. The first line of trenches was subsequently destroyed by gun-fire and, owing to its enormous losses, the Division retired."

"The evacuation of the front thus pierced was rendered more difficult by the extent of the gaps and the absence of artillery. The remainder of this Division was re-inforced by reserves and a second line of defence organized. Owing to energetic counter-attacks with the bayonet, the enemy at times were driven back as far as the river."

"The Central Executive Committee states that the Russians sustained considerable losses, but the morale of the army was good. The soldiers retired on a front of seven miles, carrying their wounded comrades and officers."

No Panic With Russians

"The majority of the wounded arrived at the dressing stations with their weapons. No panic was manifested on the battlefield."

"All the efforts of our command at the present time are being directed towards the possibility of getting the Russians out of the cul-de-sac which is being formed in the region of Riga in a north-westerly direction, in order to resist on the line of the Riga to Venden road. After the evacuation of the Riga sector, the Russian lines will be considerably shortened and their front will probably occupy a line between Friedrichstadt and the Gulf of Riga, halfway between Riga and Venden, being partially based on the lower course of the Livonian Aa."

No Danger of Being Surrounded

"The Acting Minister of War, M. Savinkoff, declared in an interview that there is no danger of an encirclement of the army and the Russians are retiring in perfect order, in conformity with the pre-arranged plan."

Certain members of the Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates are trying to utilize the fall of Riga to force the resignation of General Korniloff, the Russian Commander-in-Chief, but officials declare that his resignation is impossible.

The Weather

Cloudy and most likely somewhat cooler weather. The maximum temperature recorded yesterday was 96.3 and the minimum 78.0, the figures for the corresponding day last year being respectively 89.2 and 74.0.

COLLEGE ATHLETICS DURING THE WAR

Secretary Baker Urges That Activities In Sport Should Continue

Washington, August 2.—The Secretary of War, Newton D. Baker, took half an hour from his other tasks today to address the special conference of the National Collegiate Athletic Association at the New Willard Hotel. He told the representatives of 165 colleges and universities of the country that they should continue in so far as possible with the normal scheme of things in order that the nation might have always at its disposal a body of men trained physically and mentally for the duties to which they might be called.

Secretary Baker urged, however, that more emphasis be placed on athletics for the great mass of undergraduates in the colleges. Star teams and specialized athletes, while good and valuable in their way, he said, are nevertheless not numerous enough to make armies. The colleges should take this as their opportunity, he continued, to spread the gospel of athletics throughout the student body, finding a place for the anemic and the studious and others who are not athletically inclined to sit in the bleachers. It had always been his personal opinion, said Mr. Baker, that college athletics, as it exists today, is wrong in theory, because it takes the big, strong, and husky man and develops him into a specialized athlete, while it leaves the man who really needs physical training and exercise with no means of getting the benefits from sport.

College athletics, in the opinion of the Secretary of War, had a big and well-earned place in the life of the American boy, for by its means he has been made a better man than his predecessor of fifty years ago. He gave credit to the colleges for the development of an athletic system which is to be used as a model for the instruction and development of men in the National Army, and he urged the colleges to continue to support athletics, not as a diversion or recreation, but as a vital force in the upbuilding of the American man.

According to reports made at the morning session of the conference, before the arrival of Secretary Baker, Harvard, Yale, and Princeton have taken action abolishing only intercollegiate football this fall. It had been generally understood that all three had determined upon a policy which meant the abandonment of all intercollegiate athletics during the war. Professor Corwin, of Yale, telegraphing from New Haven, indicated that Yale would endeavor to maintain athletics, but would not be represented in football.

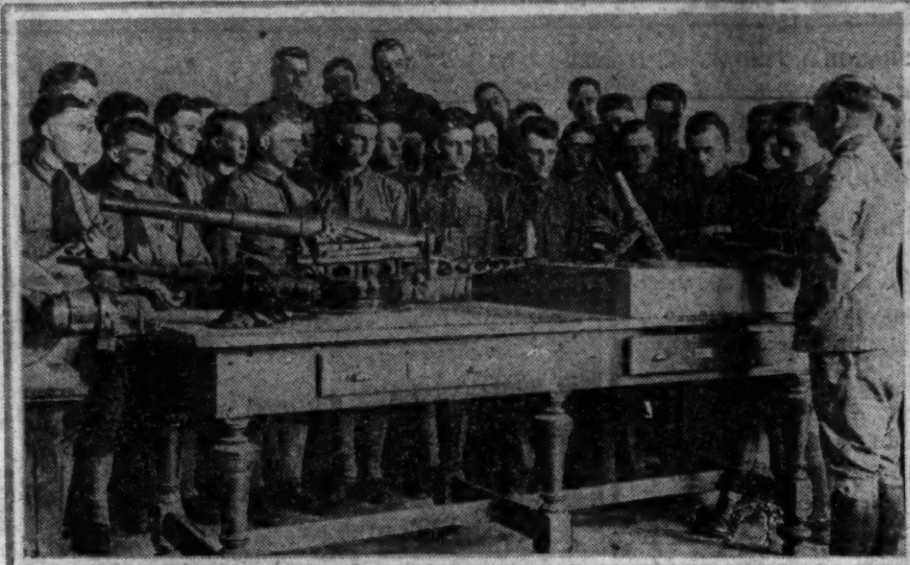
Fred W. Moore, graduate manager of athletics at Harvard, said that Harvard would not have a football team, and that action as to what would be done in other branches of athletics would not be taken until the University opens next month, when it will be possible to determine whether athletic teams can be maintained in connection with the system of military training which is to be established.

"Before ending my remarks," said Mr. Moore, "I should like to nail the canard or libel which has been started to the effect that Harvard would not play football next fall because it was afraid of being beaten. Let me say that Harvard would probably gain more in prestige if it were beaten in every game it played next fall, if it were known that all its regular players were at the front."

Don McLenhan, of Princeton, and Dr. J. E. Rayeroff, director of physical education there, stated that Princeton would not be represented in intercollegiate football this year, and that every effort would be made to stimulate and encourage a more general participation in athletics than is possible under the present system.

Despite the opinions of the Har-

Instruction in Use of Big Guns



Class of artillery students receiving instruction in the use of disappearing guns at a United States fort.

vard, Yale and Princeton representatives, the prevailing sentiment expressed at the meeting was for the continuance of collegiate sports as in the past, with such modifications and lessening of expenses as may be deemed necessary. The only institution, in addition to Harvard, Yale, and Princeton, which put itself on record as being in favor of abolishing intercollegiate sports in favor of general athletics was Virginia. The conference will decide on its policy at this afternoon's session.

E. AFRICA CAMPAIGN

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 5.—An official despatch from East Africa reports:—An Anglo-Belgian column from Iringa has effected a junction with the Belgian column from Kilosa. The Belgians have crossed the River Tanga towards Mahenge.

We have inflicted severe losses on the enemy in their retreat to Mahenge. Many of the enemy are surrendering in the southern area.

BOMBS ON BRUGES

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 5.—The Admiralty reports:—On Monday night, we raided Bruges Docks and the aerodromes at Varsenaere and Ghiselles and dropped many tons of bombs, with good results. We again raided Bruges Docks, yesterday afternoon, hitting many sheds and causing fires. We shot down one enemy aeroplane. All ours returned.

RELEASE CUSTOMS SURPLUS

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Peking, September 6.—The objection of the Italian Minister having been waived, two million taels of the Customs surplus has been paid over to the Government. The report that three million taels of the salt surplus has been handed over is premature.

Export Of Japanes

Silver Prohibited

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Tokio, September 5.—A Treasury departmental ordinance has been issued which prohibits the export of silver bullion without the permission of the Minister.

JAPANESE INSURANCE

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Tokio, September 6.—It has been decided that the Government shall undertake the re-writing of marine insurance and it is expected that business will be commenced early in September.

News Brevities

The Commercial Pacific Cable Company announces regarding United States censorship that on and after September 15 the serial number, when used, will be the first word in a cablegram and the test word, when used, will be the last word in the cablegram.

Those responsible for the entertainment given to British sailors at St. George's Farm announce their thanks to the following firms and others who contributed toward making the evening a success: Messrs. Caldwell, McGregor, Mrs. Limby, Shanghai Tramways, B. A. T. Montre's, Lane and Crawford and the performers, as well as the proprietor of St. George's.

A reception will be given this afternoon at the World's Chinese Students' Federation in honor of the 55 students who are being sent by the Ministry of Education to study abroad. Those bound for the United States and Europe will sail on the steamer China tomorrow.

A branch of the China and Japan War Savings Association has been started in Newchwang.

News has been received of the death in action of Captain Alexander Lindsay Macdonald, M. C., of the Flying Corps, youngest son of Major Donald Macdonald, V. D., Commandant of the Hongkong Volunteer Corps. He had held a commission as lieutenant in the Black Watch before joining the Flying Corps early last year. He was only 19 years old.

IRISH CONVENTION MEETS

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, September 5.—The Press Bureau announces:—The Irish Convention met in the City Hall of Belfast, today, and continued its consideration of draft schemes based on the Dominion principle of self-government. The Lord Mayor of Belfast gave a luncheon in honor of the members of the Convention, who afterwards inspected the harbor and shipyards of Messrs. Harland and Wolff and Messrs. Workman, Clark and Company.

BABY'S PICTURE

It's our speciality.

Burr 2 Broadway

Cordelia Haager As 'Peg'

"Peg o' My Heart," the Irish comedy with which the Frawley Company will open its return tour of a week at the Lyceum Theatre next Monday night, was judged in Manila the best play in the company's repertory. And particularly was it a triumph for Miss Cordelia Haager, in the role of Peg.

Says one of the Manila papers in its notice of the play:

"Miss Haager scored a veritable triumph in a great performance last night and 'Peg o' my Heart' will long be remembered here. Miss Haager had an opportunity to show her powers and she made use of that opportunity in such a way that, after each act, the audience expressed its appreciation by asking for numerous curtain calls. Even at the conclusion of the performance, Miss Haager and her strong supporting cast were obliged to respond to no less than seven encores. The performance of 'Peg o' my Heart' was probably the best of the entire Frawley repertory and Miss Haager, playing one of the greatest parts ever written, rose nobly to the occasion."

Of the other players in this comedy the same paper says:

"T. Daniel Frawley played opposite Miss Haager and his touch of Irish brogue and his fine acting made him a worthy opposite to the leading lady. Mr. Frawley, himself, aided materially in making the production the triumph that it was."

"Homer Barton, likewise with an opportunity to show versatility as a comedian, starred. He played the part of the useless Aleric Chichester, and his proposal to Peg in the final act was a gem."

"Miss Annette Tyler and Miss Sydney Valentine, playing respectively the parts of Peg's cousin and aunt, handled their difficult parts admirably, while George Austin Moore as the lawyer made the most of his few lines. George Gaston, Reynolds Denniston and Miss Gloria Fonda were also seen in the farewell performance."

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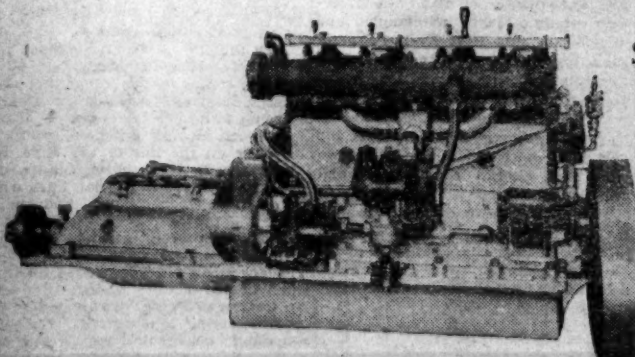
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Germans Believed Japan Would Side With Them Against Allies

Friendly Demonstration Was Made in Front of Japanese Embassy in Berlin—Raid On U. S. Building

By James W. Gerard

American Ambassador to the German Imperial Court, July 28, 1913, to February 4, 1917.

Quite curiously, at the beginning of the great war there was a belief on the part of the Germans that Japan would declare war on the Allies and range herself on the side of the Central Powers. In fact, on one night there was a friendly demonstration in front of the Japanese embassy, but these hopes were soon dispelled by the ultimatum of Japan sent on the sixteenth day of August, and, finally, by the declaration of war on August 23.

The warring powers indulged during the first days of the war in mutual recriminations as to the use of dum-dum bullets, and I received several packages of cartridges containing bullets bored out at the top which, the Germans said, had been found in the French fortress of Longwy, accompanied with the request that I send an account of them to President Wilson and ask for his intervention in the matter. Very wisely, President Wilson refused to do anything of the kind, otherwise he would have been deluged with constant complaints from both sides as to the violations of the rules of war.

The cartridges given to me were in packages marked on the outside, "Cartridges de stand," and from this I took it that possibly these cartridges had been used on some shooting range near the fort and the bullets bored out in order that they might not go too far if carelessly fired over the targets.

Rotterdam Safest Spot

With our naval attaché, Commander Walter Gherardi, on August 5 I called upon von Tirpitz to learn from him to which ports he considered it safest for the ships to be sent from America with gold for stranded Americans. He recommended Rotterdam.

I also had a conversation on this day with Geheimrat Letze of the foreign office with reference to the proposition that English and German ships, respectively, should have a delay until the fourteenth of August within which to leave the English or German ports in which they chanced to be.

My wife's sister, the wife of Count Sigary, and her husband arrived in Berlin the second week in August. Count Sigary is a reserve officer of the Hungarian Hussars and was in Montana when the first rumors of war came. He and his wife immediately started for New York and sailed on the fourth of August. They landed in England, and as England had not yet declared war on Austria, were able to proceed on their journey. With them were Count George Festetics and Count Csiraki, the former from the Austrian embassy in London and the latter from that in Washington. They were all naturally very much excited about the war and the events of their trip.

The Hungarians as a people are quite like Americans. They have agreeable manners and are able to laugh in a natural way—something which seems to be a lost art in Prussia. Nearly all the members of Hungarian noble families speak English perfectly and model their clothes, sports and country life as far as possible after the English.

The thirteenth saw the departure of our first special train containing Americans bound for Holland. I saw the Americans off at the Charlottenburg station. They all departed in great spirits and very glad of an opportunity to leave Germany.

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SWISS AGREE TO LEND GERMANY \$72,000,000

In Return, Will Be Supplied With 200,000 Tons Of Coal Monthly

Paris, August 3.—A despatch to La Liberté from Berne says that Germany and Switzerland have reached an economic agreement.

Switzerland, according to the correspondent, will advance Germany 40,000,000 francs monthly for nine months at the rate of 5 per cent, and Germany will supply Switzerland with 200,000 tons of coal monthly.

JAPAN PLANS NEW PROGRAM FOR NAVY

Another Big Construction Bill, Y.150,000,000, To Be Introduced In Diet

Continuation of Japan's naval expansion will come up in the next session of the Imperial Diet in the form of another big construction program, reports the Hochi. This newspaper says that when the Diet convenes in December, the Navy Office will introduce a bill providing for the construction of 32 submarines, 20 destroyers and five cruisers, at a total cost of 150 million yen. The program will cover four or five years, beginning the next fiscal year. The undersized craft are to be between 800 and 1,200 tons.

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COLLEGE ATHLETICS DURING THE WAR

Secretary Baker Urges That Activities In Sport Should Continue

Washington, August 2.—The Secretary of War, Newton D. Baker, took half an hour from his other tasks today to address the special conference of the National Collegiate Athletic Association at the New Willard Hotel. He told the representatives of 165 colleges and universities of the country that they should continue in so far as possible with the normal scheme of things in order that the nation might have always at its disposal a body of men trained physically and mentally for the duties to which they might be called.

Secretary Baker urged, however, that more emphasis be placed on athletics for the great mass of undergraduates in the colleges. Star teams and specialized athletes, while good and valuable in their way, he said, are nevertheless not numerous enough to make armies. The colleges should take this as their opportunity, he continued, to spread the gospel of athletics throughout the student body, finding a place for the anaemic and the studious and others who are not athletically inclined to sit in the bleachers. It had always been his personal opinion, said Mr. Baker, that college athletics, as it exists today, is wrong in theory, because it takes the big, strong, and husky man and develops him into a specialized athlete, while it leaves the man who really needs physical training and exercise with no means of getting the benefits from sport.

College athletics, in the opinion of the Secretary of War, had a big and well-earned place in the life of the American boy, for by its means he has been made a better man than his predecessor of fifty years ago. He gave credit to the colleges for the development of an athletic system which is to be used as a model for the instruction and development of men in the National Army, and he urged the colleges to continue to support athletics, not as a diversion or recreation, but as a vital force in the upbuilding of the American man.

According to reports made at the morning session of the conference, before the arrival of Secretary Baker, Harvard, Yale, and Princeton have taken action abolishing only intercollegiate football this fall. It had been generally understood that all three had determined upon a policy which meant the abandonment of all intercollegiate athletics during the war. Professor Corwin, of Yale, telegraphing from New Haven, indicated that Yale would endeavor to maintain athletics, but would not be represented in football.

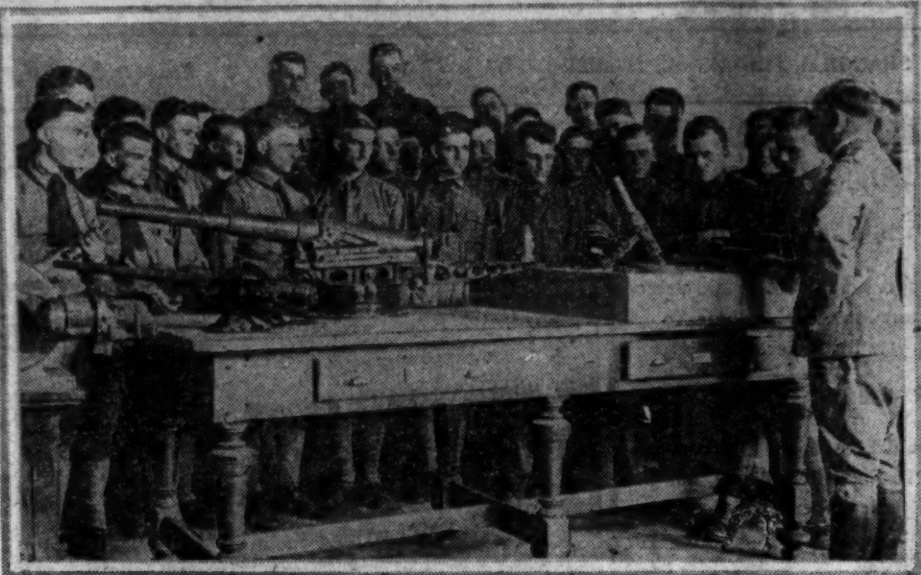
Fred W. Moore, graduate manager of athletics at Harvard, said that Harvard would not have a football team, and that action as to what would be done in other branches of athletics would not be taken until the University opens next month, when it will be possible to determine whether athletic teams can be maintained in connection with the system of military training which is to be established.

"Before ending my remarks," said Mr. Moore, "I should like to nail the canard or libel which has been started to the effect that Harvard would not play football next fall because it was afraid of being beaten. Let me say that Harvard would probably gain more in prestige if it were beaten in every game it played next fall, if it were known that all its regular players were at the front."

Den McLenhan, of Princeton, and Dr. J. E. Rayeroff, director of physical education there, stated that Princeton would not be represented in intercollegiate football this year, and that every effort would be made to stimulate and encourage a more general participation in athletics than is possible under the present system.

Despite the opinions of the Har-

Instruction in Use of Big Guns



Class of artillery students receiving instruction in the use of disappearing guns at a United States fort.

vard, Yale and Princeton representatives, the prevailing sentiment expressed at the meeting was for the continuance of collegiate sports as in the past, with such modifications and lessening of expenses as may be deemed necessary. The only institution, in addition to Harvard, Yale, and Princeton, which put itself on record as being in favor of abolishing intercollegiate sports in favor of general athletics was Virginia. The conference will decide on its policy at this afternoon's session.

E. AFRICA CAMPAIGN

(Reuter's Agency War Service). London, September 5.—An official despatch from East Africa reports:—An Anglo-Belgian column from Iringa has effected a junction with the Belgian column from Kilosa. The Belgians have crossed the River Unga towards Mahenge. We have inflicted severe losses on the enemy in their retreat to Mahenge. Many of the enemy are surrendering in the southern area.

BOMBS ON BRUGES

(Reuter's Agency War Service). London, September 5.—The Admiralty reports:—On Monday night, we raided Bruges Docks and the aerodromes at Varsenaere and Ghistel and dropped many tons of bombs, with good results. We again raided Bruges Docks, yesterday afternoon, hitting many sheds and causing fires. We shot down one enemy aeroplane. All ours returned.

RELEASE CUSTOMS SURPLUS

(Reuter's Agency War Service). Peking, September 6.—The objection of the Italian Minister having been waived, two million taels of the Customs surplus has been paid over to the Government. The report that three million taels of the salt surplus has been handed over is premature.

Export Of Japanes. Silver Prohibited

(Reuter's Agency War Service). Tokio, September 5.—A Treasury departmental ordinance has been issued which prohibits the export of silver bullion without the permission of the Minister.

JAPANESE INSURANCE

(Reuter's Agency War Service). Tokio, September 6.—It has been decided that the Government shall undertake the re-writing of marine insurance and it is expected that business will be commenced early in September.

News Brevities

The Commercial Pacific Cable Company announces regarding United States censorship that on and after September 15 the serial number, when used, will be the first word in a cablegram and the test word, when used, will be the last word in the cablegram.

Those responsible for the entertainment given to British sailors at St. George's Farm announce their thanks to the following firms and others who contributed toward making the evening a success: Messrs. Caldwell, McGregor, Mrs. Limby, Shanghai Tramways, B. A. T. Moutrie's, Lane and Crawford and the performers, as well as the proprietor of St. George's.

A reception will be given this afternoon at the World's Chinese Students' Federation in honor of the 88 students who are being sent by the Ministry of Education to study abroad. Those bound for the United States and Europe will sail on the steamer China tomorrow.

A branch of the China and Japan War Savings Association has been started in Newchwang.

News has been received of the death in action of Captain Alexander Lindsay Macdonald, M. C., of the Flying Corps, youngest son of Major Donald Macdonald, V. D., Commandant of the Hongkong Volunteer Corps. He had held a commission as Lieutenant in the Black Watch before joining the Flying Corps early last year. He was only 19 years old.

IRISH CONVENTION MEETS

(Reuter's Agency War Service). London, September 5.—The Press Bureau announces:—The Irish Convention met in the City Hall of Belfast, today, and continued its consideration of draft schemes based on the Dominion principle of self-government. The Lord Mayor of Belfast gave a luncheon in honor of the members of the Convention, who afterwards inspected the harbor and shipyards of Messrs. Harland and Wolff and Messrs. Workman, Clark and Company.

BABY'S PICTURE

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Cordelia Haager As 'Peg'

"Peg o' My Heart," the Irish comedy with which the Frawley Company will open its return tour of a week at the Lyceum Theater next Monday night, was judged in Manila the best play in the company's repertory. And particularly was it a triumph for Miss Cordelia Haager, in the role of Peg.

Says one of the Manila papers in its notice of the play:

"Miss Haager scored a veritable triumph in a great performance last night and 'Peg o' my Heart' will long be remembered here. Miss Haager had an opportunity to show her powers and she made use of that opportunity in such a way that, after each act, the audience expressed its appreciation by asking for numerous curtain calls. Even at the conclusion of the performance, Miss Haager and her strong supporting cast were obliged to respond to no less than seven encores. The performance of 'Peg o' my Heart' was probably the best of the entire Frawley repertoire and Miss Haager, playing one of the greatest parts ever written, rose nobly to the occasion."

Of the other players in this comedy the same paper says:

"T. Daniel Frawley played opposite Miss Haager and his touch of Irish brogue and his fine acting made him a worthy opposite to the leading lady. Mr. Frawley, himself, aided materially in making the production the triumph that it was."

"Homer Barton, likewise with an opportunity to show versatility as a comedian, starred. He played the part of the useless Aleric Chichester, and his proposal to Peg in the final act was a gem."

"Miss Annette Tyler and Miss Sydney Valentine, playing respectively the parts of Peg's cousin and aunt, handled their difficult parts admirably, while George Austin Moore as the lawyer made the most of his few lines. George Gaston, Reynolds Denniston and Miss Gloria Fonda were also seen in the farewell performance."

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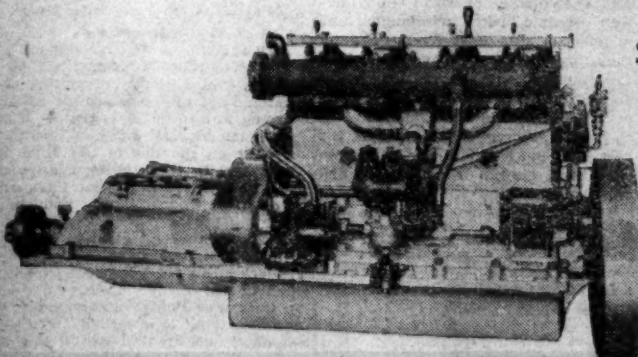
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Germans Believed Japan Would Side With Them Against Allies

Friendly Demonstration Was Made in Front of Japanese Embassy in Berlin—Raid On U. S. Building

By James W. Gerard

American Ambassador to the German Imperial Court, July 28, 1913, to February 4, 1917.

Quite curiously, at the beginning of the great war there was a belief on the part of the Germans that Japan would declare war on the Allies and range herself on the side of the Central Powers. In fact, on one night there was a friendly demonstration in front of the Japanese embassy, but these hopes were soon dispelled by the ultimatum of Japan sent on the sixteenth day of August, and, finally, by the declaration of war on August 23.

The warring powers indulged during the first days of the war in mutual recriminations as to the use of dum-dum bullets, and I received several packages of cartridges containing bullets bored out at the top which, the Germans said, had been found in the French fortress of Longwy, accompanied with the request that I send an account of them to President Wilson and ask for his intervention in the matter. Very wisely, President Wilson refused to do anything of the kind, otherwise he would have been deluged with constant complaints from both sides as to the violations of the rules of war.

The cartridges given to me were in packages marked on the outside, "Cartouches de stand," and from this I took it that possibly these cartridges had been used on some shooting range near the fort and the bullets bored out in order that they might not go too far if carelessly fired over the targets.

Rotterdam Safest Spot

With our naval attaché, Commander Walter Gherardi, on August 5 I called upon von Tirpitz to learn from him to which ports he considered it safest for the ships to be sent from America with gold for stranded Americans. He recommended Rotterdam.

I also had a conversation on this day with Geheimrat Letze of the foreign office with reference to the proposition that English and German ships, respectively, should have a delay until the fourteenth of August within which to leave the English or German ports in which they chanced to be.

My wife's sister, the wife of Count Sigray, and her husband arrived in Berlin the second week in August. Count Sigray is a reserve officer of the Hungarian Hussars and was in Montana when the first rumors of war came. He and his wife immediately started for New York and sailed on the fourth of August. They landed in England, and as England had not yet declared war on Austria, were able to proceed on their journey. With them were Count George Festetics and Count Cztraki, the former from the Austrian embassy in London and the latter from that in Washington. They were all naturally very much excited about the war and the events of their trip.

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minent among them was the aged Indian chief Four Dogs of the Arapahoes, who hunted through this region nearly half a century ago with the late Buffalo Bill Cody and the Earl of Dunraven. He wore his ceremonial regalia.

Miss Lowe says she undertook her adventure in search of greater health and to escape the conventionalities and artificialities of modern city life. She was reared on a Wyoming ranch and was taught woodcraft by her mother, who learned it from the Indians.

Miss Lowe, on a previous attempt, spent but one day and night in the woods. Hungry, drenched and nearly frozen, she appeared at a mountaineer's cabin and tearfully exclaimed:

"One night was enough. Never again for Agnes! Modern clothes and a good tent for mine next time."

SWISS AGREE TO LEND GERMANY \$72,000,000

In Return, Will Be Supplied With 200,000 Tons Of Coal Monthly

Paris, August 3.—A despatch to La Liberté from Berne says that Germany and Switzerland have reached an economic agreement.

Switzerland, according to the correspondent, will advance Germany 40,000,000 francs monthly for nine months at the rate of 5 per cent, and Germany will supply Switzerland with 200,000 tons of coal monthly.

JAPAN PLANS NEW PROGRAM FOR NAVY

Another Big Construction Bill, Y.150,000,000, To Be Introduced In Diet

Continuation of Japan's naval expansion will come up in the next session of the Imperial Diet in the form of another big construction program, reports the Hochi. This newspaper says that when the Diet convenes in December, the Navy Office will introduce a bill providing for the construction of 32 submarines, 20 destroyers and five cruisers, at a total cost of 150 million yen. The program will cover four or five years, beginning the next fiscal year. The undersea craft are to be between 600 and 1,200 tons.

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The reign of Queen Anne saw the breakdown of much of the opposition to the newly acquired "vice" of smoking for Sovereigns found in Tobacco a happy source of revenue and people discovered it to be as they do in the "Three Castles" Cigarette to-day. "A sweetener of our lot in life and a great equalizer of the temper."

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SPORTS Latest News of Athletic World GOSSIP

SHANGHAI TAKES GAME FROM NEW NAVY TEAM

Batters Find Keeler, High Speed Slabster, In Sixth Inning And Score Four-5-2

Porterfield had the runners swinging at his wide out yesterday and Shanghai won by bunting three hits on Keeler in the sixth, after being held practically helpless since the first inning.

The gunboats presented a new line-up, with the exception of Glover and Luna, and gave evidence of being a hard crowd to beat. They out-hit Shanghai, 8 safe blows to 6, but were only able to collect these to advantage in one inning. Keeler, who came in on the Galveston, showed all kinds of speed and a sharp, breaking splitter that fooled the Shanghai batters. It was the second game he had hurled in two years and he had considerable trouble locating the plate, particularly in the first inning when a couple of passes resulted in Shanghai's first score. After that he settled down and gave for two separated hits, one a scratch, there was nothing doing until the fifth. He fanned five. Porterfield struck out nine and also kept the hits well spread except for one inning, the first.

Bills went in as emergency backstop, Bristow being on the sick list, and caught a perfect game.

Maloney started the game off by pounding out the second ball offered him for a loud three-base hit to left. Swift felled Marshall's rap to the plate to head off the run, but Maloney got back safely and scored a moment later when Keeler landed a classy single in right. Marshall moved up to second on the hit and went to third on Williams' out, scoring when Luna produced the third hit. McGowan struck out and Glover lined to Swift.

The landmen got one in their half when Woods walked, went to second on Wilhoit's single to center, moved to third on Bills' base on balls and came in on a passed ball.

The next action came in the last of the sixth. Wilhoit began it by reaching first when Selby fumbled his rap along first base line. Cy stole second while Bills was striking out and scored when Swift popped a nice Texas leaguer to right. A wild pitch let Swift go to second and Turner brought him in with a single to center. Glover made a beautiful pop to the plate but the runner slid in and Marshall dropped the ball. Turner got to second on the throw. Tinkham singled to left and Luna made his only wide throw home of the season. Gene scoring and Tink bringing up at third. He came in almost immediately when another of Keeler's hot ones got away from the catcher. Porterfield and Pomeroy went out.

The runners tried desperately for a rally in the last frame. Hits by Marshall and Keeler and a wild heave by Porterfield put men on third and second after two were out, but Williams flied to Holliday and ended it.

The same teams will engage on Saturday at 3.30.

The score:
Gunboats ab r h po a e
Maloney, 3b 4 1 1 0 0 0
Marshall, c 4 1 1 8 0 0
Keeler, p 4 0 2 0 2 0
Williams, 2b 4 0 0 9 1 0
Luna, lf 3 0 1 1 0 1
McGowan, ss 3 0 0 0 3 0
Glover, cf 3 0 1 0 0 0
Selby, lb 3 0 1 7 0 1
Savage, rf 3 0 1 2 0 0

Totals 31 2 8 18 6 2
Shanghai ab r h po a e
Holliday, ss 3 0 1 2 3 0
Woods, 2b 1 1 0 1 1 0
Wilhoit, lb 1 1 1 7 0 1
Rills, c 2 0 0 9 0 0
Swift, 3b 3 1 2 1 4 0
Turner, lf 3 1 1 0 0 0
Tinkham, cf 3 1 1 0 0 0
Pomeroy, rf 3 0 0 1 0 0
Porterfield, p 3 0 0 0 1 0

Totals 24 5 8 21 8 1
By innings:
Gunboats 2 0 0 0 0 0 2
Shanghai 0 0 0 4 3 5
Three base hit—Maloney. Sacrifice hit—Woods. Stolen bases—Luna, Wilhoit. Struck out—by Porterfield, 9; by Keeler, 5. Bases on balls—off Keeler, 2. Wild pitches—Keeler. Passed balls—Marshall, 2. Umpires—Honecki and Bristow.

ROWING CLUB STAGES ANNUAL GALA TONIGHT

Keen Competition Expected In Championship Aquatic Events On Two-day Program

The Rowing Club's Annual Swimming Gala and Aquatic Sports begin this evening, and the usual bumper program has been arranged. The bath building has been decorated most effectively with flags and bunting, and a plentiful supply of ceiling fans has been installed, so that the events may be witnessed in every comfort.

As usual all possible provision has been made to accommodate a large gathering, which is expected to be a record one this year. From the detailed list of events published it may be seen that every class of swimming, diving, and water polo competition has been included in the card.

The outstanding turns are two championships of Shanghai, the 220 yards mile and long plunge; the 100 yards championship of the club, in which Brodie did such splendid time last year, the Polo Match tonight between the "Jiangdaha" (born in Shanghai) and the Rest of the Club, and the great return game on Saturday night between the Rowing Club and the Shanghai International Swimming Club.

This last event is the subject of a great deal of discussion between the supporters of the two rival clubs, and a really fine match should result. Though the home team went through the Shanghai Water Polo League this year with an unbeaten record, it has to be borne in mind that the S. I. S. C. were in that competition without the services of the two fine players, W. Jones and J. Wilson, who were on the Police team in the League. The Rowing Club have had an opportunity or two since then of finding out what a difference these two experienced poolists make, for in a scratch match held exactly a fortnight ago at the Municipal Bath between teams of six a side the S. I. S. C. were victorious by 4 goals to 3, while in a regular game between the two clubs at the S. I. S. C. gala last Saturday the Rowing Club were again defeated, this time by 3 goals to 2. The home team may be relied on tomorrow night to make their very best showing; so as to retrieve their lost laurels, while the S. I. S. C. will be no less keen to retain theirs.

It is announced that Mr. Denys H. Cooke, who was formerly one of the best exponents of the game out East, and who took part in several interport matches against Hongkong, will be referee. The line-up of both teams will be exactly the same as on last Saturday.

Four entrants will start for the 220 yards championship of Shanghai, including Brodie (holder) and Mears, and this should be a ding-dong struggle. There are also four competitors for the quarter-mile title, and five for the Long Plunge honors. Five members of the fair sex are entered for the diving and swimming events reserved for them, and an attractive "turn" will be the Mixed Team Race of six a side—one lady and 5 men each—for which no less than four teams of about even capabilities have been carefully selected.

The detailed list of events and roll of officials are as follows:

One Length—Final.
Life Saving Race.
Club Championship.
Ladies' and Boys' Diving.
Two Lengths—Final.
220 yards Championship of Shanghai.

Throwing the Polo Ball (Handicap).....
Long Plunge—Championship of Shanghai.
Two Lengths, Boy members—Final.
Spring board Diving.
Mixed Team Race.
Water Polo.
The officials will be:

Judges—Messrs. T. E. Trueman, Brodie A. Clarke, W. E. Sauer and D. C. Hutchison.
Umpire—Mr. R. W. MacCabe.
Starter—Mr. L. A. Chilli.
Check Starter—Mr. W. E. Sauer.
Timekeepers—Messrs. H. P. B. Jones and D. H. Cooke.
Competitors' Stewards—Messrs. E. A. Ericson and D. M. Graham.
Handicappers—H. N. Olsen and W. J. Gande.
Decorations—Messrs. Sauer and Beale.
Advertising, Printing and Programs—Messrs. Gande and Jensen.
Refreshments—Messrs. Gande and Jones.

Police Swimming Results
Following are the results of the Police swimming events at the Municipal Bath last night:

One Length Handicap
1st Heat:
J. Robertson 5 Secs. 1
R. Yorke 9 Secs. 2
H. Rawlings, J. Knight and T. S. Fry also entered.

2nd Heat:
P. W. Reeves 9 Secs. 1
H. Peck 3 Secs. 2
J. Watson and H. Jefferson also competed.

First two in each heat to swim in final.

Throwing the Polo Ball
H. J. Jefferson Scratch 45' 5"
J. Robertson 15ft. 45' 3"
R. Yorke 15ft. 43' 2"
T. S. Fry 10ft. 43'

Water Polo
Blues 2 v. Whites 3.
Blues—R. Yorke, W. Jones, J. Watson, H. Rawlings, E. G. Barnes and C. Maguire.
Whites—T. S. Fry, J. McGregor, D. Ginnane, H. Pelling, H. Jefferson and J. Knight.
Goal scorers: Jones, 2; Pelling, 2; Knight, 1.
Referee, J. W. Golding.

Tennis
The S.C.C. will play the Public School Old Boys Sunday afternoon at 4.30 on the S.C.C. courts—the best of five sets. The S.C.C. team is as follows:—H. Middleton and L. R. When; E. G. Norman and H. Webb; C. D. Field and J. A. T. Thomas; Dr. A. Moore and E. W. H. Carpenter; C. S. Cheetham and D. Cooke.

S. R. C. Singles Final Today
The final of the S. R. C. singles handicap will be played on the Club's ground this afternoon at 5.15. Messrs. G. Madar and T. Wallace, both in "D" Class, will be the contestants, and prizes will be presented to both after the game.

Cricket

"A" Company, S. V. C., will play a match against the Public School Old Boys on the Race Course at 2.30 tomorrow.

The Volunteers will be represented by:—Capt. Billings, Lieut. Monk, L. Corpl. Cooke, Ptes. Clifford, Cameron, Milner, Kilby, Langley, Anderson, Macdonald and Vine. Reserve, J. E. Wilson.

Lawn Bowls

S. L. B. C. Match
A match between members of the S.V.C. in the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club and the Rest of the Club will be played at 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon and the teams will be:

Volunteers The Rest
Rink No. 1
J. J. Sheridan J. C. Thomson
(skip) (skip)

Rink No. 2
D. Macdonald A. W. McCullum
T. E. Trueman T. Harborne
F. L. Marshall R. S. Simmons
C. M. Bain J. T. Disselhoff
(skip) (skip)

Rink No. 3
J. Park E. L. Hunter
E. Payne A. W. Dewhurst
W. Dutton F. A. Sampson
(skip) (skip)

Rink No. 4
J. C. Macdonald F. Large
(skip) (skip)

Rink No. 5
S. Hammond J. Frost
O. Blackburn D. MacGregor
F. C. Banham J. Valentine
(skip) (skip)

Rink No. 6
G. L. Campbell L. Evans
(skip) (skip)

Rink No. 7
J. Scotson J. D. Gaiques
G. R. Wingrove D. Meanie
G. Dunlop D. M. Graham
(skip) (skip)

S. L. B. C. v. S. R. C.
This match will be played on the S.L.B.C. rinks at 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon.

S.L.B.C. Team:
L. Evans (skip), J. J. Sheridan, J. D. Gaiques and F. L. Marshall.

S.R.C. Team:
J. C. Macdonald (skip), G. M. Bain, F. A. Sampson and G. Dunlop.

G. L. Campbell (skip), G. H. Phillips, R. Simmons and F. Large.

J. T. Disselhoff (skip), E. L. Hunter, W. Dutton and F. C. Banham.

HEAVILY SHELL TURKS
(Renter's Agency War Service)
London, September 5.—A Turkish official communique reports: The enemy are maintaining an intense bombardment of our positions at Gaza.

CIGARETTES

Have you already smoked our "SPECIAL" or "ORPHEUS" Cigarettes?

If not, don't miss to give them a trial. From the first puff to the last fleck of ash they are a delight.

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DO YOU?
SPIT BLOOD

IF YOU DO, PYORRHOEA IS THE CAUSE

Pyorrhoea is a Filthy Disease of the mouth causing loss of Teeth.

The symptoms of the disease in the first stages are not easily recognised by the victim, but in the secondary and subsequent stages it is easy for the sufferer to recognise the symptoms.

Sure signs of the disease are inflamed gums, at times sensitive and sore, though not always so, and bleeding easily when tooth pick or tooth brush is used.

Pus pockets form, likely along the edges of the gums on the sides of the teeth next to the tongue, from which white or yellowish pus may be forced by pressure of the fingers against the gums.

Later the gums shrivel up and recede from the teeth. Once the disease finds lodgment in the mouth it steadily increases and spreads from tooth to tooth unless stopped by careful treatment by a Dentist who understands the subject.

Now Dear Reader: If you have found anything curious about your own teeth and do not know the cause don't delay but call on me at once and let me diagnose the fault and if necessary assist you to a cure.

Call immediately at
DR. C. AMERON'S
DENTAL OFFICE
34 Nanking Road, Shanghai.

In To Win

J. Ogden Armour Declares Government Can Have Him, His Company, or Any Part Thereof.
Chicago, August 3.—J. Ogden Armour returned to Chicago yesterday after war supply conferences in the east. The daily council was the yards when some one asked Mr. Armour what he thought of the draft, the national army parade—in short, the "situation."

"I'll tell you what I think of it," replied Mr. Armour. "The government of the United States can have Armour and Co."

"The government of the United States can have J. Ogden Armour."

"The government of the United States can have any one man or any group of men of Armour and Co."

"There will be no requests for exemptions. Where a man is irreplaceable the government will be so notified and it can take its choice of where it wishes him to serve."

"Whether it is patriotism or selfishness that moves each of us counts little in the outcome. Many of us may not realise it, but as a nation and as free men we have staked all and we shall win or lose all."

"That's what I think about the situation."

Meatless Days Will Be Inaugurated In Canada

Vancouver, August 28.—Meatless days will be inaugurated all over Canada, commencing next week. An order issued by the Canadian authorities prohibits the consumption of all kinds of meat in restaurants and public places in Canada, on Tuesdays and Fridays. Meat and white bread will be allowed only once a day, except on Tuesdays and Fridays, and the sale and purchase of vegetables and canned provisions will also be forbidden.

HEAVILY SHELL TURKS

(Renter's Agency War Service)
London, September 5.—A Turkish official communique reports: The enemy are maintaining an intense bombardment of our positions at Gaza.

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WEATHER

Word the following Channel.
Approaching northward—
A low of the Pacific
in our region.
Most likely some
clouds and rain
during the night of this evening or
early tomorrow morning.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, SEPTEMBER 7, 1917

The Four Questions

By T. R. Jernigan

THE Chinese government has
sent a telegram to the pro-
vinces asking their opinion on the
following points:

- 1.—Is it necessary for China to join the Allies?
 - 2.—Would it be more beneficial to China if it follows the example of the United States?
 - 3.—Compare the advantages between the proposal to join the Allies conditionally and those to join them unconditionally.
 - 4.—Would it be necessary for China to send troops to the front in case it does join them?
- It is a hopeful sign for representative government that the powers at Peking are realizing the importance of consulting public opinion on questions relating to alliances to wage war. It will be more hopeful if the questions have been addressed to the provincial assemblies rather than the Tunchus, for the general belief prevails that the provincial Tunchus are the mere representatives of the will of the Peking powers, and that the answer of a Tunchu could hardly be accepted as that of the people of his province.

But why not as well consult the people about the organization of their government? If the Provisional Constitution is not in effect then how can there be a President, a Premier, or a Cabinet? These officials have no legal existence, if there is no constitution, the very instrument which provides for their legal existence. Instead of asking questions with reference to nations with which China should join shields in a great war, it would look more like sensible business if the Provisional Constitution was recognized as the organic law of China, and the government organized according to its provisions. By such action foreign nations would know that China was no longer drifting, but had safely anchored in order to put her household in order. The Provisional Constitution is not unchangeable, like the laws of the Medes and Persians, but provides for a change whenever demanded by the public welfare. A government constitutionally organized and administered would enable China to borrow the full amount of money she needed, and square up her accounts.

We do not know the feeling of the American government for a special alliance or co-operation with China, but had the example of that government been followed by China, we believe that there would have been no delay in filling her treasury, and the paramountcy of no nation would have been acknowledged as having the authority to intervene.

German Moral Bankruptcy

(The New York Evening Post)

AFTER three years of war we hear a great deal about German moral-power being exhausted. There is renewed talk about German finances being at the point of collapse. That Germany's food supply is falling everybody knows;

that many of her industries are ruined is not denied; that her shipping and commerce have suffered blows from which it will take a generation to recover is admitted by German business men. It is not strange that they are reported to be urging peace as an imperative necessity if anything is to be saved out of the wreck.

But Germany has to mourn today a greater loss than any of those mentioned. She has lost her reputation. She has squandered her moral assets. At a time when she needs to call up all her reserves of good faith and confidence, she finds that they have been wasted. Nobody believes her. Nobody trusts her. Upon the German Government the disagreeable evidence that it is morally bankrupt is being pressed from every quarter. This is the indisputable truth which stands out in the reception throughout the world of the latest peace proposals by Germany. They meet with almost universal skepticism and suspicion.

It is Germany herself that has taught the world to distrust her. A long course of lawlessness heaped upon duplicity, of brutality intermingled with deceit, has made every utterance of the German Government suspect. Hence the amazing, the painful unanimity with which public men and the press in all belligerent and neutral countries have looked upon the repeated peace proffers of the German authorities as merely a snare for the unwary. Whom are they trying to trick now? What new betrayal are they preparing? For what fresh burst of ferocity is all this a mask? Such are the questions everywhere provoked by the German official advances in behalf of peace. Germany ostensibly holds out an olive branch, but prudent statesmen insist upon examining it to see if it does not conceal a dagger.

Thus is the fated and terrible punishment of Germany already beginning. She is reaping what she has sowed. Her rulers have brought the good name of their country into disrepute. Their promises no longer pass anywhere at their face value. Every Governmental move by Germany is closely scrutinized to see if some treachery is not wrapped up in it. It is as if the word "German" had now become the international trade-mark for double-dealing. This is the havoc which the German Government, in three years, has made of the proud old tradition of Deutsche Treue! Today Germans look around the horizon and see nowhere a nation that will accept the bare pledge of the German Government. Everywhere they perceive dislike and distrust. This is the moral punishment of Germany for her crimes, and it is not to be wondered at that many of her citizens are crying out that the punishment is greater than they can bear.

In their long-studied plans to win the great war, the German military rulers depended mainly upon two things—terrorism and trickery. Both have not only failed them, but have recoiled upon them with tremendous and disastrous effect. Against German brutality, the exhausted heroisms of the soul of man rose in a mighty flood. Like the man in Browning's "Instans Tyrannus," Belgium "stood erect, caught at God's skirts, and prayed," so that, today, it is Germany that is "afraid."

Even more overwhelming for Germany than the reaction against her barbarous methods in war is the inevitable result, as we see it now, of her treaty-breaking, her underground plotting, her treacherous dealing with nations at peace with her. The time has come when the German Government desires to have its acts and words credited, but finds that it has itself cut away the moral props under it. Its fair language today is read in the light of Bethmann-Hollweg's talk of peace in December, 1916, though he afterward admitted that he was merely seeking to gain time to build submarines and make the war more ferocious than ever. The intercepted Zimmermann note is not forgotten. The German Foreign Office has made itself the synonym for untrustworthiness. The German Government has discredited in advance its own documents. It has turned every man's hand against it.

This, of course, cannot go on for ever. The rest of the world has got to live with Germany; and, in the end, an iron-bound agreement will have to be made with her. But meanwhile, at the present juncture, Germany presents the melancholy spectacle of a great nation that has morally committed suicide.

Ribot, Painleve, And Petain, Three Pillars Of France

Premier, At 75, Is Tireless—Petain, Who Is Always 'In Training,' Like Painleve Is A Mathematician

When he speaks in the Tribune of the Chamber, M. Alexander Ribot, the French Premier, has a characteristic gesture. He seems to throw his words to his audience. His right hand has a backward and then a forward swinging movement, just as if he were a twentieth century Discobolus. M. Briand, on the other hand, opens his arms when he speaks and expands his chest so that he seems to swell with his oratory. His voice is grave and sonorous, whereas the Prime Minister is less vigorous in his tones, but shows remarkable vitality. Though seventy-five, he has the physical energy of middle age. Nothing seems to tire him. He frequently crosses the Channel for conferences with the British Government and always travels at night arriving fresh at either destination for the day's business. Sometimes in Paris that business includes a stormy sitting of the Chamber.

No greater contrast could be imagined than between the demeanor of the British House of Commons and that of its French counterpart. Perhaps an ideal Chamber would be one which combined the qualities of the two: the fire and temper of the French Deputy with the sound sense and dignity—sometimes overdone—of the other. In any case, M. Ribot dominates the assembly by his prestige and authority. He has need of both—when passions are aroused, as over "To Stockholm, or not to Stockholm"—for the Socialist Conference, provided endless possibility in a French Assembly, with its poignant memories of Alsace-Lorraine. The language was strong and variegated—in tune with the situation—and old habits of profession they had never heard anything like it.

"French language" has passed into current speech in France. It is full flavored and marvellously picturesque, and Deputies seem to have caught the habit though they have not the excuse of the Poilu, who has acquired his argot at the expense of his skin. Words barbed and weighted with opprobrium flew about the Chamber. Nevertheless, the G.O.M. of French politics—a little older than Thiers, when he saved the country after the disasters of 1870—gained his point, as the substantial vote showed. His presence as Premier at the present moment shows that solid qualities are still the most valued asset in politics. He offers no target to false rumor; he has always had a reputation to lose and his career is compact of labor, energy, sane ambition and toleration.

No Extremist

Free from the extremist spirit which characterizes so many politicians in France, he has steered the middle course through Parliamentary shoals and gained the esteem of those who love fair play. In the Dreyfus case, he believed in the innocence of the Captain, but disbelieved in some of the methods for establishing it. His love of compromise caused him to be accused of sheltering General Mercier, the War Minister of the day, who was behind the famous trial; in reality he sought only a sound and unsensational way out of the difficulty. His moderate spirit also was shown in the Church versus State controversy. Though a Protestant, M. Ribot objected to Separation on the ground that the State had incurred certain obligations towards the Church, which could not be disregarded, and he resented also the harsh methods of the Combes Ministry in driving out the Religious Orders. That he was right is now generally conceded by his countrymen, for the war has brought a truce to anti-Clericalism.

Ribot is celebrated for various things. Shortly before the war he became chief of a new Government—for a single day. The combination did not survive even the passage of the Ministerial Declaration, and that Cabinet, which included M. Delecluse and other celebrities, passed into the limbo where lie so many French ministries. Again he was Presidential candidate for about as long. The Moderates finally choosing M. Poincare for the supreme post. Contrary to the common run, M. Ribot has grown more democratic with the years, and has sacrificed his friends say, his aristocrat top-hat for a democratic "bowler"—sign and symptom of the inward change. His strength lies in his experience of public office as Minister of Finance and Minister of Foreign Affairs. In the one field, he found the resources of the country and induced Jacques Bonhomme to bring forth his gold for the War Loan, from his legendary *bas de laine*; in the other, he found out the thoughts of Europe and, incidentally, signed that great contract with Russia which is the basis of the Grand Alliance, thus it is not inappropriate that today he should be the representative of that policy.

His right-hand man in the new Government is M. Painleve, the Minister of War. He is a statesman of uncommon erudition. Much

learning, however, has not robbed him of his action; he is as decisive and unequivocal as a proposition of Euclid. His mathematical talent contributed to the victory of Verdun. He was Minister of Education and Inventions at the time—under the Briand Ministry—and, with the aid of M. Borel, revised the old artillery tables for ranging with the result that the guns had a new accuracy in destructive force. M. Painleve with M.M. Borel and Adamard, also eminent mathematicians, is regarded as the continuator of the work of M. Henri Poincare, the savant cousin of the President. Once A Professor

The War Minister, who, in conference with Mr. Lloyd George, soon settled the Greek business, has been emphatic from his youth up. He flung himself wholeheartedly into the Dreyfus case on the side of the prisoner, and led demonstrations in the Latin Quarter, where he was Professor of Mathematics at the Sorbonne. By the natural order of events, he became deputy for this Pays Latin, the nearest approach that France possesses to a University Constituency, and remained in that position for ten years. He interested himself in Army questions, but resisted the Three Years Bill, holding with Jaures, the Socialist orator, that it was better to have a small, highly-trained army and a fully developed reserve than a large and loose general system—a huge "baracks" army, in fact. But when war came, there was none more determined than he to secure "peace with honor" by force of arms. Like M. Ribot, he is a member of the Institute of France, his department being the Academy of Science.

His strong mind rebels against half-measures, and he opposed M. Briand when the latter tried to effect Cabinet changes which he considered inadequate. His same ardent temper led him to defend General Sarrail and come to London for the purpose to lay the case before Mr. Asquith and Mr. Lloyd George—when a question of sending the French officer to Salonica. Sarrail, he said was the victim of a cabal, and was wrongfully relieved of his command. As a scientist, the War Minister is interested in all scientific developments, and was one of the first to perceive the possibilities of aviation. In the early days he flew with Wilbur Wright, when the celebrated inventor was experimenting in France with his machine.

Another Mathematician

Like his hierarchical chief, General Petain is a great mathematician. As a boy, living in a small village near Havre, where his father was a baker—thus, his origin is as democratic as that of Joffre, the son of a working cooper—he covered the walls of his bedroom with algebraic signs. He solved the most complicated problems without the aid of paper and pencil. Even when he played at tops he could not leave mathematics out of it, and strove to drive his own "peg" into squares and triangles. His modesty has remained with him, and he likes nothing better than to revisit the friends of his boyhood. Some with whom he played have done well in the world, but others—and the General makes no distinction—wear the fustian of the manual worker.

Everyone knows that he sprang into world-wide prominence for his defence of Verdun, where, without sufficient means, he resisted the Germans during weeks of ferocious attack. His bravery is proverbial, and it is a wonder that he has survived so many hair-breadth escapes. But a special Providence seems to watch over him delivering him, at the critical moment, from mortal harm. Legends have grown up about his invulnerability as well as about his methods for retaining youthfulness. He is sixty, but he has the face and figure of fifty. Someone started the story that he skips every morning; he believes, certainly, in the sovereign virtues of diet and exercise and measures his food and drink as carefully as if he were a jockey training to weight. If he has a fault, it is his lack of self-assertion. He lives a life of retirement amongst his books and problems. None the less, he had a great reputation in army circles before the war for his theories on attack, practice, particularly the fierce fights around Vaux and Douaumont—the forts to the north of Verdun—have but confirmed that estimate. His rise to the highest post has been startling, even in this startling war. For in August 1914 he was simply a Colonel with thoughts of retirement.

These, then, are the men upon whom France, with others such as M. Albert Thomas, the Minister of Munitions, is relying in this unexpected crisis in her history. Happily, there is every reason to believe that they will justify the faith that is being placed in them by the army and the nation.—From Land and Water.

The Kaiser's Promise Of Reforms

Changing The Method Of Electing Reichstag Members Will Not Make Germany Any Less Autocratic

By John William School

(Assistant Professor Of German, University Of Michigan)

Professor Delbrück's recent interview on electoral reform would be surprising if we had not had already an example of eminent German scholars prostituting their international good name for the support of the German cause. His pretense that Germany has bestowed freedom upon Russia would be amusing if it were not so pitifully childish.

But does he really expect to make intelligent men anywhere believe that the electoral reforms proposed for the German Reichstag would, if successfully carried through, make Prussia more democratic than England or France? Why doesn't he have the audacity to add America?

The purpose of this interview is undoubtedly political, and it seems intended for American consumption. The professor may be laboring under the old obsession that German-Americans are still susceptible to Prussian propaganda, that they merely need information from reliable sources—namely Prussian.

America is in this war with broadly defined aims. The German-Americans are in it, too; in spite of good professions, some of them are in it only after a fashion. They would be loud for quitting if the submarines ceased their worst activities. They are as loud as they dare be against helping England, against entangling alliances, against sticking by the Allies to the end, etc.

It is to these people, with such views, that Professor Delbrück wishes to speak.

Our President has declared our war against Germany a struggle to make the world safe for democracy. This is very good. The German-American agrees. But how safe? Must autocracy be removed by a radical operation, or will a mild incision of anti-junkerism be sufficient? A revolution would be too catastrophic and a war, a slow evolution is the only safe thing, they think. A republic may be a good thing for America. An executive Ministry responsible absolutely to a parliament elected directly by the people may do for England or the British dominions. But what's one man's meat is another man's poison. A republican or parliamentary Government would be the beginning of the end of the German Empire. So the Kaiser and his henchmen assert. So the German scholar echoes. So do certain political philosophers of the sanctum in America. It would be a calamity to force our type of government upon a people like the Germans with such a different geographical situation and such a different past.

And so they say: Hands off! Let the Germans reform themselves in their own way. Let them find a form of democracy fitted to their needs, which will serve their geographical position and not break with their past or disturb autocracy one hair's breadth.

No doubt such riddleheadedness exists among some German-Americans, and their ready admiration of all things German is expected to make them think the proposed reforms a full realization of the announced American war aims. It is hoped, perhaps, that this pretense at electoral reform will satisfy the German contingent in our midst and set up opposition to hearty co-operation with our allies to the finish.

The Kaiser is like the sick devil. He will be a monk after a fashion. It is his will that the election laws shall be reformed. This is no novelty, we are assured. The assurance was not needed. The abominable division of the electorate into classes which put two-thirds of the "talking power" or "echoing power" into the tongues of one-third of the people, and that third those who possess all the wealth, rank, and privilege in the State, is to be given up in favor of universal equal secret suffrage, and Germany is to be made more democratic than England, France, and Italy.

Professor Delbrück need not be reminded, certainly intelligent Americans need not be reminded, that the essence of democracy does not primarily lie in how the representatives are chosen, but in what power they have to make their decisions effective in the administration of the State. The world will not be made safe for democracy by reforming the method of electing members to the Reichstag. Every vestige of inequality may be removed by the abolition of voting by classes, by the repeal of plural voting, by restricting in accordance with present population, etc., so that the most capricious critic would be satisfied, but Germany will be as autocratic as ever, and the world no whit safer for democracy.

The representatives of the people elected by fair methods must be able to force their will upon the executive power. This means a Ministry responsible to a Reichstag majority. No sham or pretense of such a Ministry will serve the world's purpose. No Ministry a majority of whom are appointed by the Kaiser, but to whom certain members are admitted by choice of the Reichstag, with a quasi-responsibility to the Reichstag, will serve the world's purpose. Such a proposal means only temporizing, cat's play with the inevitable. It would bring on a conflict in which autocracy and democracy must come to death grips. Autocracy might consent to such a division of power for the present crisis, in hope of winning back its complete prerogatives at a more favorable time, but the pledge of a German monarch must be gauged by the way they were kept after the Napoleonic wars. To make the world safe for democracy, a Ministry with full executive power and completely responsible to the Reichstag is an absolute requirement.

There is in some quarters a tendency toward monarchy, and possibly a harmless one like that of England would be acceptable to a world which

wished to be safe for democracy, but certainly no Hohenzollern is morally fit to rule a constitutional monarchy in a world safe for democracy. A Hohenzollern is as great an anachronism in such a world as a reincarnation of a Stuart or a Louis.

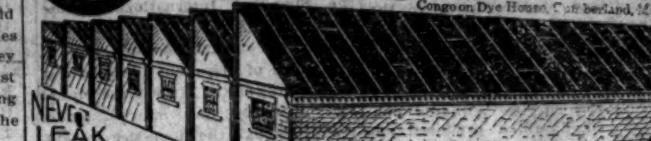
Every German-American who really believes in democracy as the best form of government for a modern free people, who believes that people

like himself are capable of self-government in spite of geography and history, and who senses this war as a conflict to the death between autocracy and democracy and wishes to settle the question as early as possible and avoid a reversion of its horrors in the near future, must demand complete reform of the German Government as the essential goal of the war. He must realize the truth that Scheldemann took home with him recently from Stockholm, that peace is possible only after a sweeping democratization of Germany. That means the program sketched above.

How petty the proposed reforms look in comparison with what must come!

If any German-American does not believe in democracy of this genuine sort, he should take his earliest opportunity to escape it—in Turkey!

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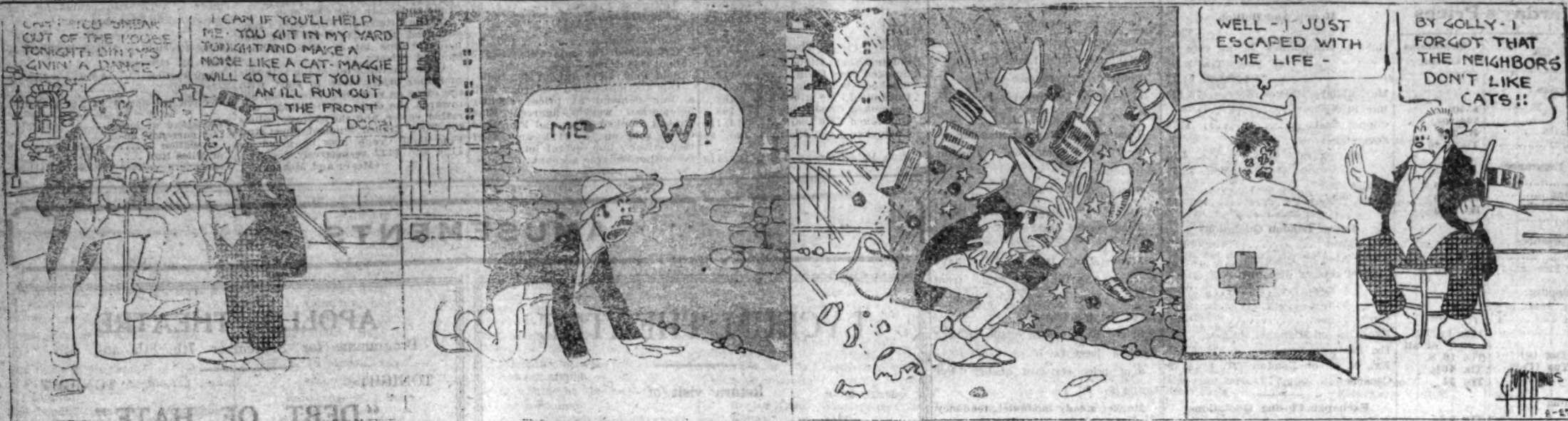
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Daily Home Magazine Page A Good Page to Read in the Leisure Hour

Woman Becomes Executive In Great New York Bank

It's a long, long way from Sarajevo to 55 Wall street. But it is not too much to say that the appointment of Miss Florence Spencer as assistant chief clerk of the National City Bank can be traced back to the assassin's bullet which ended the career of the heir to the throne of the Hapsburgs and lighted the great conflagration whose blaze has now leaped the Atlantic. The war has touched for well or ill so much of the globe that, after all,

there is nothing wonderful in its affecting the career of an American woman who has been in a quiet way a figure of importance in the largest bank on this continent for several years.

The war has brought untold sorrow to millions of women. But it has brought too not only the heroism with which women have always faced its horrors, but also a new capacity for tasks before undreamed of. New responsibilities

and widened opportunities have stirred the women of all lands as they have never been stirred before. Not only in Paris and Berlin, in London and Petrograd, is this awakening going on, but here in New York as well. Not on the surface but deep in the minds and hearts of hundreds of thousands of women dreams and hopes of a new sort are slowly shaping themselves into reality.

It is a visible sign of this change, as a step in advance for all the women who are preparing to follow along the path in which she has been a pioneer, that the new assistant chief clerk of the National City Bank likes to think of her promotion. To be the first woman to fill an executive position in a great banking corporation means less to her than to demonstrate to her fellow workers what tact, common sense and perseverance can accomplish.

Let the uninitiated understand that the position of chief clerk of a big New York bank, in spite of its somewhat plebeian title, is an office of great responsibility, trust and importance. Also it is the gateway through which many a bright young man has entered the upper realms of the financial world. The chief clerk and his assistants are the connecting link between the directors and officers of the bank and the employees. A thousand daily details and many weighty matters are left to the discretion of these officials, and the position requires energy, tact and discretion to the highest possible degree.

The appointment of a woman to such a post for the first time, then, is not a mere matter of experiment. It is something more even than a recognition of the ability of the appointee. It is a recognition of the fact that barriers which ten years ago, or less, would have been deemed insurmountable have been broken down never to be rebuilt.

The personality of the woman who is the living exemplification of this change has more than a merely human interest. The first impression which she gives to a stranger is one of quiet confidence in herself, and the second, flashing on the heels of the first, is that that confidence is quite justified. A few minutes conversation reveals a cheerful sanity of outlook and breadth of view which is unfortunately rare in either men or women, in or out of business.

Miss Spencer is neither a feminist

nor a suffragette in the sense in which those terms have come to be accepted, but she is genuinely and deeply interested in the welfare of women in business. She declares herself in favor of suffrage, because, as she says, all sensible people believe in woman suffrage. She expresses no opinion on the recent activities of some of the party in Washington, but it is a safe bet that she would have chosen a more efficient and less spectacular method of winning a reluctant country to votes for women than picketing the White House.

If she is not a feminist in the extreme sense, she is concerned to a degree in the young women who, like herself, have chosen a business career. Not only that, but she has an abiding faith in the ability of her sex to solve the problems which will confront them in greater measure as a result of the changes the war is bringing about.

Since the declaration of war in April the number of women employed by the National City Bank has increased from about 100 to more than 350. This increase has been the result of the deliberate policy of the officers and directors of the bank to fill vacancies in their organization with women wherever practicable. They believed, if enlistments and the operation of the selective draft were not to undermine the efficiency of the staff.

Such an influx of women workers naturally brought new problems, which had to be met in a broad way. Miss Spencer was called upon for assistance almost at once and since the first of April she has been co-operating unofficially with the chief clerk's department, through which pass all measures in regard to the discipline and control of employees.

For more than ten years she had been in charge of the bank's library, which she had built up from an unimportant affair to the best institution of its sort in the city. All her assistants were women, and more than that she was chairman of the women's club which she was largely instrumental in forming. So it was only natural that a position should be found for her where her experience and ability could be utilized to the best advantage.

At the present time much of her work is concerned with applicants for employment. Every woman who seeks employment with the bank, and they are many these days, has a personal interview with Miss Spencer. She makes the initial separation of the wheat from the chaff and her recommendation is ac-

cepted absolutely as to the qualifications of the future bank clerks.

It is a wearisome task to interview a hundred or more applicants a day. They are drawn from every stratum of society that the greatest city in the world contains. Every one must be met with sympathy and tact and an instant decision must be made, not so much as to the qualities which each possesses but those which they are capable of developing.

Miss Spencer confesses that she likes the work and that she finds much in it to make her feel hopeful for the future. Many of those who have recently entered the big gray pillared building in lower Wall street will go far, she thinks, in their careers there. A large number of the applicants are college women, with education, ability and standards above those of the men who were formerly candidates for the same positions.

As for advice to women entering business, Miss Spencer could not be prevailed upon to lay down specific dicta. She said, however, that it is best to have a trade; some one asset helps mightily in getting on. A training in library work, the knowledge of a foreign language or mere proficiency in shorthand is likely to prove an easy highway to a position from which women of the same or even greater general ability are excluded. Once admitted to an organization, she believes that ability will make itself felt along natural lines.

On the personal side, Miss Spencer confesses that her interests have been so closely identified with business and the great institution of which she is a part that she has very little time for other things. Fifty-five Wall street is much more of a home to her than her uptown apartment for the home of the National City Bank has been hers during the waking hours of the last ten years.

Reading is her only relaxation and her chief enjoyment. Travel, biography, essays—everything but fiction. She likes to keep in touch with world affairs, too, and that has been one of the things which have made her work with the bank so agreeable.

The rapid extension of American finance, in which the National City Bank has taken such a large part of late years, brought her into a surprisingly intimate touch with some of the far corners of the earth. Her work in the bank's library made necessary a rather intimate knowledge of the new fields which American finance was setting out to conquer, and invariably the men who had gone beyond the seas in the capacity of financial missionaries consulted Miss Spencer on their return and brought her their own first

hand knowledge of politics and finance.

As for hobbies, Miss Spencer laughingly says that she has none. But she is sure that she has the germs of several of them in her system. If they only had a chance to develop. If she had a hobby it would be gardening, she thinks. But there are only twenty-four hours in a day!

From which it may be correctly

surmised that the first American woman bank executive has by no means lost the human touch. On the contrary she has managed to combine charm and efficiency in a remarkable way. To a healthy feminine human interest in those who are "just folks" she has added charm of personal manner and that quickness of insight and decision which mark the executive.

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Chartered	£44 10s
Russo-Asiatic	R. 350
Cathay, ordy	Tls. 6.30
Marine Insurances	
Canton	Tls. 320
North China	Tls. 100
Union of Canton	Tls. 760
Yangtze	\$185
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	\$133
Wongkong Fire	Tls. 300 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Pref.	Tls. 100
Indo-China Def.	Tls. 100
"Shell"	108s. 6d. B.
Shanghai Tug (O)	
Shanghai Tug (O)	Tls. 18 S.
Kochien	Tls. 46 1/2
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 9.60
Oriental Cons.	27s. 6d.
Philippine	Tls. 0.50
Raub	\$2.60 S.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	\$113 B.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 74
New Eng. Works	Tls. 12 1/2
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 60 B.
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 74 1/2 S.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo French Land	Tls. 84
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 73 S.
Welshvale Land	Tls. 3
Shanghai Hotels Ltd.	\$9 B.
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 50
China Realty (ordy)	Tls. 50
Jotton Mills	
E-wa	Tls. 160 S.
E-wa Pref.	Tls. 90
International	Tls. 63
International (pref.)	Tls. 64
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 70
Oriental	Tls. 36 S.
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 129
Kung Yik	Tls. 14 B.
Yangtze	Tls. 5 B.
Yangtze Pref.	Tls. 90
Industrials	
Sulter Tile	Tls. 23
China Sugar	\$92
Green Island	Tls. 7 B.
Langkade	Tls. 13 S.
Major Bros.	Tls. 5
Shanghai Sumatra	Tls. 100 S.
Stores	
Hall and Holt	\$15
Llewellyn	\$60
Lane, Crawford	\$97 1/2 B.
Moutrie	\$5
Watson	\$6
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Alma	Tls. 4
Amber	Tls. 1 S.
Anglo-Java	Tls. 9 S.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 5 S.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 34
Batu Anam	Tls. 0.90 B.
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Bute	Tls. 1 B.
Chemor United	Tls. 1 B.
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Cheng	Tls. 2 B.
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Mex. dollars Market rate ... 72.75
Bar Silver ... 1773
Copper Cash ... 1773
Sovereigns:
Buying rate @ 4/10 = Tls. 4.13
exch. @ 72.6 = Mex. \$5.69
Peking Bar ... 12
Native Interest ... 12

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver ... 48 1/2 d.
Bank Rate of Discount ... 5%
Market rate of discount ...
3 m-s. ... %
4 m-s. ... %
6 m-s. ... %
Exchange on Shanghai, 60 d-s.
Ex. Paris on London ... Fr. 27.41
Ex. N. Y. on London T.T. ... \$ 47.68
Consols ... 2

Exchange Closing Quotations

London ... T.T. 4/10
London ... Demand 4/10 1/2
India ... (nominal) T.T. 340
Paris ... T.T. 666
Paris ... Demand 667
New York ... T.T. 115
New York ... Demand 115 1/2
Hongkong ... T.T. 66 1/2
Japan ... T.T. 44 1/2
Batavia ... T.T. 27 1/2

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London ... 4 m-s. Cds. 5/
London ... 4 m-s. Docy. 5/1
London ... 6 m-s. Cds. 5/1
London ... 6 m-s. Docy. 5/1
Paris ... 4 m-s. 688
New York ... 4 m-s. 119 1/2

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September
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" 1 @ 62 1/2 = Francs 6.98
" 1 No quotation Marks 15.69
" 0.82 @ 108 1/2 Gold \$1
" 1 @ 47 1/2 Yen 2.36
" 1 @ 15 Rupees 3.81
" 1 @ 800 Roubles 6.68
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Tenders for Transfers:
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Tenders at 1s. 5d.
Receive 43%
Deferred Transfers:
Highest price 1s. 4-29/32d.
Tenders at 1s. 4-29/32d.
Receive 43%
Total amount sold during the
week, Rs. 9,000,000.
Amount to be allotted next
week, Rs. 9,000,000.

LANGKAT DAILY OUTPUT

The following telegraphic in-
formation has been received by
the general agent from the
Sumatra director and manager of
the Maatschappij tot Mijn-
bosch-en Landbouwexploitatie in
Langkat:
"The output of crude oil for
September 5 was 77 tons."

London Rubber Market

Reuter's Service

London, September 5.—Today's
rubber prices were:
Plantation First Latex Crepe:
Spot: 2s. 9d. Paid.
October to December: 2s. 9 1/2 d.
Buyers.
Tendency of Market: Steadier.
Previous Quotation, London,
September 5:—
Spot: 2s. 9d. Paid.
October-December: 2s. 9 1/2 d. Paid.
Tendency of Market: Weaker.

Messrs. Hugo Reiss and Co., have
received the following cable from
Messrs. Kimmel and Co., London
dated the 5th instant:—
Spot price standard quality Ribbed
Smoked Sheet 2s. 7d.
Spot price standard quality First
Crepe 2s. 9d.
Market steady but quiet, tendency
steady, ex warehouse (Singapore)
2s. 2d.

BAR SILVER

Reuter's Service
London, September 4.—Today's
silver prices were:
Bar Silver Spot: 47 1/2 d. Firm.
Previous Quotation, London, Sep-
tember 3:—
Bar Silver Spot: 47d. Owing to
small supplies and strength of
China exchange, Firm.

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL,
TIENTSIN.Cable Address:
ASTOR.

The leading Hotel in Tientsin.
Delightfully situated, facing
Victoria Park, and located in
the Centre of the Town's Life
and Business.
Spacious and Luxurious
Dining and Reception Rooms.
Comfortable Bedrooms with
Bath: Double, Single or En
Suite.
First-Class Cuisine and
Selected Cellar, under Foreign
Supervision.
Central Heating, Electric
Light, Modern Sanitary
Arrangements.
Hotel Motor-Omnibus and
Porters meet all Trains and
Boats.

THE MANAGEMENT.

China Mutual Life Insurance
Co., Ltd.

We issue Policies in Sterling
Take advantage of the Ex-
change.

Telephone to us, Central
2601, or write to the Head
Office,
10 Canton Road,
Shanghai.

British-America Assurance Co.

The undersigned, as agents for the
above company, are prepared to
grant policies against Fire on For-
eign and Native Risk at Current
Rates.

FRAZAR & Co.

Singapore Rubber Auction

Singapore, August 22 and 23.—
Following were the prices realised
at the rubber Auction this week:—
Singapore
per picul
Sheet:
Smoked Fine Ribbed ... @ 122/118
Smoked Good Ribbed ... 118/110
Smoked Fine Plain ... 114
Smoked Good Plain ... 109/108
Unsmoked Fine Ribbed ... 108
Unsmoked Good Ribbed ... 105
Unsmoked Fine Plain ... 114/113
Unsmoked Good Plain ... 105/90
Crepe:
Fine Pale Thin ... 124/119

Good Pale Thin ... 118/110
Good Pale Blanket ... 117/116
Good Brown Blanket ...
Fine Brown ... 111/101
Good Brown ... 102/91
Good Dark ... 94/75
Barky ... 78/47
Scrap:
Virgin and Pressed ... 84/55
Loose ... 50
Sheet:
Cupwashing ... 100/34
Catalogued for sale Pels 15,932
(about 945 tons).
Sold Pels, 8,099 (about 482 tons).
Our auction started yesterday with
a fair demand at prices slightly
below last week's figures. Fine
Ribbed Smoked Sheet and Fine Pale
Crepe sold up to \$121 and \$122
respectively, but several lots had to
be withdrawn on account of high

limits. Unsmoked Sheet of both
descriptions were very scarce, which
circumstance may account for the
comparatively high prices paid.
Brown and clean Dark Crepes were
in good demand at about last week's
prices, but the bidding for Barky
Crepe and Scrap was very slow.
In the afternoon Fine Pale Crepe
advanced to \$124, and \$122 was
paid for one lot of Fine Ribbed
Smoked Sheet.
At the continuation of the sale this
morning, prices were to start with
the same as yesterday afternoon, but
towards the close the tendency was
rather easier, and the average values
for Fine Ribbed Smoked Sheet and
Fine Pale Crepe may be given as
\$120 and \$123 respectively.
(Meyer and Measor).

Shanghai Tramways

The following is the Traffic Return
of the Shanghai Tramways (Foreign
Settlement) for the week ended Sep-
tember 5, 1917, with figures for the
corresponding week last year:—
1917 1916
Gross Receipts ... \$32,242.09 \$31,104.89
Loss by currency
depreciation ... 6,890.50 8,291.45
Effective Receipts ... \$25,351.59 \$22,813.44
Percentage of loss
by currency de-
preciation ... 25.31% 28.10%
Car Miles Run ... 76,898 75,267
Passengers carried 1,482,487 1,411,379

AMUSEMENTS

LYCEUM THEATRE

Return visit of

THE FRAWLEY COMPANY

For One Week Only

Monday and Tuesday, the 10th and 11th Sept.

"Peg o' My Heart"

Wednesday and Thursday, the 12th and 13th Sept.

"Sunday"

Friday, Sept. 14th

"Fair and Warmer"

Saturday, Sept. 15th

"The Outcast"

Booking now open at Moutrie's Box Office.

Wednesday, the 5th inst.

Commencing Friday, September 7th

THE

OLYMPIC THEATRE

PRESENTS

D. W. GRIFFITH'S

"WONDERFUL MASTERPIECE"

"Home Sweet Home"

IN SIX REELS OF TENSE, THRILLING
DRAMA

"HOME, SWEET HOME"

WILL APPEAL TO EVERY MAN, WOMAN
AND CHILD; IT IS GRIFFITH'S MOST
SUCCESSFUL WORK.

APOLLO THEATRE

Programme for September 7th, 8th and 9th

TONIGHT

TONIGHT

"DEBT OF HATE"

A masterpiece of Cinema production, featuring the popular French
Actress, Mile. Andre Pavesl.

Pathe's British, French and American Gazettes

Depicting all the principal events.

"DEACON'S WATERLOO"

Nestor Comedy

MATINEE Sunday, September 9th, at 3 p.m.

"LIBERTY"

Showing 11th and 12th Episodes. Four Reels.

Commencing Monday, September 10th.

"LIBERTY"

18th and 14th Episodes, entitled:

"Strife and Sorrow" and "A Modern Joan of Arc"

Four Reels.

Coming Shortly

The Johnson-Willard Fight

FOR THE WORLD'S HEAVY-WEIGHT

BOXING CHAMPIONSHIP

In 3 Parts

Fought in Cuba in 1915 before an audience of 34,000 people

The right to make this film cost \$100,000

THE INSTINCTIVE ARTISTRY

OF THE

ITALIAN PRODUCER

His wonderful feeling for pictorial beauty and imposing
spectacle, have never been more effectively
demonstrated than by the wonderful film.

"THE WANDERING JEW"

ADAPTED FROM

EUGENE SUE'S

FAMOUS NOVEL

It is to be Exhibited for Four Nights Only.

Commencing Friday, Sept. 7th

AT THE

Victoria Theatre

ISIS THEATRE

Corner of Jukong Road and North
Seehuen Road (about 150 yards
from Range Road)2 Performances Nightly at 7.15
and 9.15 p.m.Matinees on Saturday and Sunday
at 3 p.m.

TONIGHT

Showing

The Powerful and Exciting Story
IN THREE PARTS

"THE TREASURE OF TREGOR"

Do not fail to see this sensational
feature, which abounds with
wonderful situations.

Tonight Showing also

The Screaming Comedy in 2 Parts

HAKE AND MEYER IN

"DELICATESSEN STORE"

and

"CHILDREN ELOPE"

Usual Prices

OPEN-AIR CINEMA

PUBLIC GARDEN-AVENUE
JOFFRE 474

(EX-GERMAN GARDEN CLUB)

Tonight

Tonight

"British Official War Films"

TANKS IN ACTION

AND

BATTLE OF PERONNE

The best British War films ever seen
in China.

Performance 9.15 Sharp

Admission price \$1.00

St. George's Gardens

(Bubbling Well Road)

Open-Air Cinema

TONIGHT

Complete Change of

Programme, including

New Pathe's Gazettes

and a

Screaming Keystone Comedy

entitled:

"No One To Guide Him"

featuring

Syd CHAPLIN

TOWA CINEMA THEATRE

No. 3 Woonchang Road (Near Chapoo Road)

Programme for September 7th, 8th and 9th

"AT THE RISK OF HER LIFE"

Kalem Drama

"SNOB THE TAMER"

Comedy.

"THE BLUE DIAMOND"

Pathe's Film D'Art. A great Detective

Film story, full of excitement.

TWO PARTS

"AMBROSE'S SOUR GRAPES"

Keystone Comedy.

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME

EVERY MONDAY AND FRIDAY

Matinee on Sunday at 2.30 p.m.

Admission Prices:
30 cts., 20 cts. and 10 cts.

FOR

LAND

IN ANY DISTRICT OF SHANGHAI

See The

CHINA INVESTMENT CO.,

13 NANKING ROAD

Phone 4757

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.
Capital £1,200,000
Reserve Fund 1,900,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders 1,200,000

Head Office:
25 Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Henry S. Cunningham, K.C.I.E.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster Bank Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland Limited.

Agencies and Branches:
Amritsar, Delhi, Ferozepore, Hongkong, Kanton, Shanghai, Singapore, Siam, Tientsin, Yokohama.
Local Bills Discounted.
Credits granted on approved Securities and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.
Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.
Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
L. R. BRENNER, Manager.

Shanghai Branch, 18 The Bund.
Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for Collection, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.
Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
L. R. BRENNER, Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital (fully paid) Frs. 48,000,000
Reserve Fund Frs. 48,000,000

Succursales et Agences:
Banco, Hanoi, Saigon, Battambang, Hongkong, Shanghai, Canton, Mengtze, Singapore, Djibouti, Noumea, Tientsin, Dondichery, Peking, Tourane, Haiphong, Papeete, Ankoou, Enom-Penh.

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.
L. ARDAIN, Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
Societe Anonyme
Paid-up Capital Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.
London Office: 2 Bishopsgate.
Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt), and Rotterdam.

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur Societe Generale de Belgique.

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne, Societe Anonyme.

Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris.
New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts, Tels and fixed deposits according to arrangements.
Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.
M. DEMETS, Manager for China.

Particulars of interest allowed on fixed deposits, in both tals and dollars, will be furnished on request.
K. P. CHEN, General Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital \$15,000,000
Reserve Funds:
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2s. \$15,000,000
Silver 15,500,000
\$30,500,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors \$15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:

Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell, Chairman.
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak, Deputy Chairman.
Hon. Mr. C. E. Anton.
F. C. Butcher, Esq.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
G. T. M. Edkins, Esq.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
E. V. D. Parr, Esq.
W. L. Patterson, Esq.

Chief Manager:
Hongkong-N. J. STARR.

Branches and Agencies:
Amoy, Ipoh, Peking, Bangkok, Johore, Penang, Batavia, Kobe, Rangoon, Bombay, Kuala Lumpur, Saigon, Calcutta, London, S. Francisco, Canton, Lyons, Shanghai, Colombo, Malacca, Singapore, Fochow, Manila, Sourabaya, Hankow, Nagasaki, Tientsin, Harbin, New York, Tientsin, Yokohama.

London Bankers:
London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.
Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Local Bills Discounted.
Credits granted on approved Securities and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.
A. G. STEPHEN, Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

Capital (fully paid) 55,000,000
Reserve Fund 26,960,000
Kpg. Tls.

Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government 3,500,000
Reserve Fund 1,750,000

Head Office: PETROGRAD.
Paris Office: 9, Rue Boudreau.
London Office: 64, Old Broad St. E.C.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France, Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.

Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

Far Eastern Branches and Agencies:
Bombay, Harbin, Peking, Changhai, Hongkong, Shanghai, Chefoo, Newchwang, Tientsin, Dairen, Nikolayevsk, Vladivostok, Hailan, O-Amur, Yokohama, Hankow.

55 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Tals, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.
Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.
Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.
Safe Deposit Boxes.
L. JEZIERSKI, G. CARRERE, Managers for China, Japan and India.

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road.

Paid-Up Capital \$ 300,000
Reserve \$ 10,000
Deposits (Dec. 31, 1916) \$1,400,000

Correspondents at principal cities in China, and domestic exchange a specialty.
Credits granted on approved securities. Bills discounted.
Current accounts in both tals and dollars with interest may be opened on application.
Particulars of interest allowed on fixed deposits, in both tals and dollars, will be furnished on request.
K. P. CHEN, General Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorized by Presidential Mandate of 16th April, 1915)
Authorized Capital \$60,000,000
Paid-up Capital \$10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:
Peking, Tientsin, Newchwang, Mukden, Changchun, Harbin, Dairen, Tsinan, Tsingtau, Kailung, Hankow, Ichang, Shanghai, Wuhu, Yangchow, Chinkiang, Nanking, Shanghai, Hangchow, Ningpo, Fochow, Canton, Nanchang, Taiquen, etc., etc.

SHANGHAI BRANCH,
3 HANKOW ROAD.
Loans granted on approved securities. Local bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts in Tals at the rate of 2 per cent per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:
For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent per annum.
For 6 months at the rate of 4 per cent per annum.
For 12 months at the rate of 5 per cent per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG, Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than \$1, or over \$100, will be received at one time.
Not more than \$1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of \$5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3 1/2 per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Tals, at the option of the depositor.
Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.
Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij

(NETHERLAND TRADING SOCIETY.)
Established 1824.

Paid-up Capital—Gulden 60,000,000 (about \$5,000,000)
Reserve Fund—Gulden 9,925,431 (about \$827,120)
Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA

Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:
Banjerassin, Padang, Soerakarta, Bandoeng, Palembang, Tandjong Balei, Cheribon, Pekalongan, Tabin-Tingis, Djember, Penang, Tegal, Djokjakarta, Pontianak, Telok-Betong, Langkang, Tjilatjap, Kota-Radia, Semarang, Weltevreden, Makassar, Singapore, Soerabaya, Medan.

London Bankers:
Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.
Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents, and transacts banking business of every description.
Current accounts kept in tals and dollars.
SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.
B. G. J. WYNBERG, Manager.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-up Capital Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3 per cent per annum.
For 6 months at 4 per cent per annum.
For 12 months at 5 per cent per annum.
On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.
H. C. MARSHALL, Chief Manager.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)
Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up " 36,000,000
Reserve Fund " 21,300,000

London Bankers:
Union of London & Smith's Bank, The London Joint Stock Bank, Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies:
Amoy, Hongkong, Port Arthur, Bombay, Liao-yang, S. Francisco, Calcutta, Los Angeles, Singapore, Changchun, Lyons, Sydney, Dairen, Mukden, Sianfu, Hankow, Nagasaki, Tientsin, Harbin, Newchwang, Tientsin, Hongkong, New York, Tokyo, Honolulu, Osaka, Tsingtau, Kobe, Peking.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Tals and Dollars, according to arrangement.
Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa and China, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America, and every description of Banking and exchange business transacted.
K. KODAMA, Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Capital & Surplus—U.S. \$6,500,000
Undivided Profits—1,010,000
U.S. \$7,510,000

Head Office:
55 Wall Street, New York
National City Bank Building.

London Office:
36 Bishopsgate, E. C.

Branches:
Bombay, Hongkong, Peking, Calcutta, Kobe, San Francisco, Canton, London, Santo Domingo, Cebu, Manila, San Pedro de, Colon, Medellin, Shanghai, Hankow, Panama, Singapore, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Through its close affiliation with the NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, the Corporation is able to offer the special services of the Branches of that Institution established at:
Bahia, Rio de Janeiro, Buenos Aires, Santiago de Cuba, Santos, Havana, San Paulo, Montevideo, Valparaiso, Petrograd.

The Corporation issues Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques, receives money on CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSIT ACCOUNT on terms which may be ascertained on application, and transacts all other descriptions of Banking and Exchange business.
H. C. GULLAND, Manager.
14 Kiukiang Road, SHANGHAI.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorized by Presidential Mandate of April 7, 1914 and October 31, 1915.

Paid up Capital: Kumping Tals 10,000,000
HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
60 Branches and Agencies at principal commercial places in China.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits in Tals and Dollars according to arrangements.
Credit granted on Approved Securities and Every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
CHAO CHING HUA, Manager.

SUMITOMO BANK, LIMITED

SHANGHAI BRANCH,
No. 1 Kiukiang Road

Capital Yen 30,000,000
Capital (Paid-up) Yen 18,750,000
Reserve Yen 1,470,000
Deposits Yen 120,000,000

President, Baron K. Sumitomo
Head Office: OSAKA.

Branches:
Tokyo, Yokohama, Nagoya, Kyoto, Osaka, Kobe, Hyogo, Onomichi, Kure, Niihama, Hiroshima, Yanai, Shimomoseki, Moji, Wakamatsu, Kukuoka, Kurume, Honolulu, San Francisco, Bombay and Hankow.

London Bankers:
LLOYDS BANK, LIMITED
New York Bankers:
NATIONAL CITY BANK OF N. Y.

Banking Business in General Foreign Exchange Business, Travellers' and Commercial Letters of Credit, Correspondents throughout the World.
S. KASAHARA, Manager.
Tel. No. 3536 (Sumitomo Bank).
Tel. No. 4663 (Comptroller Office).

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-up Capital Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3 per cent per annum.
For 6 months at 4 per cent per annum.
For 12 months at 5 per cent per annum.
On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.
H. C. MARSHALL, Chief Manager.

The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912.

Authorized Capital H\$2,000,000
Subscribed and paid up Capital H\$1,371,500
Reserve Fund H\$ 120,000
Investment reserve fund—H\$ 20,000

Head Office:
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office:
No. 2 Ningpo Road.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Credits granted on approved securities.
Y. R. SUN, Manager.
T. D. ZAR, Sub-manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorized Capital £1,500,000
Subscribed Capital 1,125,000
Paid-up Capital 562,500
Reserve Fund 600,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.

London Bankers:
Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies:
Bombay, Howrah, Madras, Calcutta, Kandy, Penang, Colombo, Karachi, Port Louis, Delhi, Kota Bharu (Mauritius), Galle (Kelantan), Rangoon, Hongkong, Kuala Lumpur, Shanghai, Singapore.

Shanghai Branch.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.
R. D. YOUNG, Manager.
7 Nanking Road. 9752

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1917

Date and Destination

Today:
Japan via Nagasaki .. Sakaki maru .. 21.00 .. 21.00
River Ports 21.00 .. 21.00
Japan Ports 21.00 .. 21.00
Japan, U. Kingdom v. Canada 21.00 .. 21.00
Train (Daily except Sunday, 21.00 .. 21.00
Ningpo 21.00 .. 21.00
Peking and Tientsin (Every day 21.00 .. 21.00
Hankow 21.00 .. 21.00

Tomorrow:
Dairen, Manchuria & Europe .. Sakaki maru .. 21.00 .. 21.00
Tientsin, Manchuria & Dairen .. Sakaki maru .. 21.00 .. 21.00
Train v. Japan, C. de & E. 21.00 .. 21.00
Japan and Hongkong 21.00 .. 21.00
Japan via Kobe 21.00 .. 21.00
River Ports 21.00 .. 21.00
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin 21.00 .. 21.00
Watsow, Hongkong & Canton 21.00 .. 21.00
N. Saki, Kobe, Yama, C. de 21.00 .. 21.00
U. S. & Europe via U.S.A. 21.00 .. 21.00
N. Saki, Kobe, Yama, Canada 21.00 .. 21.00
Honolulu, U.S. & Europe 21.00 .. 21.00
Japan Ports 21.00 .. 21.00
Europe via Siberia 21.00 .. 21.00
Japan via Kobe 21.00 .. 21.00
Kobe 21.00 .. 21.00

Sunday, Sept. 9.
Europe via Siberia (P. Train) 21.00 .. 21.00
River Ports 21.00 .. 21.00

Monday, Sept. 10.
Europe via Siberia 21.00 .. 21.00
Japan & San Fran. via N. Saki 21.00 .. 21.00
Szechow and Canton 21.00 .. 21.00
Hongkong 21.00 .. 21.00
N. Saki, Kobe, Yama, C. de 21.00 .. 21.00
U. S. & Europe via U.S.A. 21.00 .. 21.00
N. Saki, Kobe, Yama, Canada 21.00 .. 21.00
Honolulu, U.S. & Europe 21.00 .. 21.00
Japan Ports 21.00 .. 21.00

Tuesday, Sept. 11.
Europe via Siberia (Express) 21.00 .. 21.00
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin 21.00 .. 21.00
Watsow, Hongkong & Canton 21.00 .. 21.00
N. Saki, Kobe, Yama, C. de 21.00 .. 21.00
U. S. & Europe via U.S.A. 21.00 .. 21.00
N. Saki, Kobe, Yama, Canada 21.00 .. 21.00
Honolulu, U.S. & Europe 21.00 .. 21.00
Japan Ports 21.00 .. 21.00

Wednesday, Sept. 12.
Europe via Siberia 21.00 .. 21.00

Letters forwarded by this route only when specially marked.
A Registration 8.30 a.m. Supplemental mails closed at 7 a.m. following day.
B Letters and boxes with declared value 10.30 a.m. Parcels post and money orders 10 a.m.
C Postal money orders and parcel post until 2 p.m.
D Letters and boxes with declared value 6.30 p.m. Parcel post and money orders noon.
E Letters and boxes with declared value 9 a.m. Parcel post 4 p.m. and money orders noon.
F Letters and boxes with declared value 3 p.m. Parcel post 1.30 p.m. and money orders noon.
G Postal money orders and parcel post until 10 a.m.

Until further notice, mails for Europe, via Pukow and Siberia, will be closed at the Chinese Post Office as follows: Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 9 p.m. Registered mails are closed half an hour earlier. A supplementary mail of ordinary correspondence only will be closed on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 a.m.
Mails for Hankow close every day at 11.30 a.m. Registration at 11.30 a.m. and for Peking and Tientsin every day at 9 a.m. Registration at 5 p.m. at the Russian post office.

Local Outports Mail

Permanent Notice
Destination. Mails. Close Daily. a.m. p.m.
Shanghai-Nanking 8.00 .. 11.45 a.m.
Railway. 1.30, 3, 5, 7.30 p.m.

Soochow, Wushu, Changchow, Tanyang, Chinkiang, Nanking, Hankow and North China. 7.00
Soochow, Wushu, Chinkiang, Nanking and all intermediate place ... 7.30
Nanking & Kiatinghien. 8.00
Soochow, Wushu, Changchow, Chinkiang, Nanking and all River ports 11.30
Soochow, Wushu, Changchow and intermediate places 2.30
Nanking & Kiatinghien. 4.30
Soochow, Wushu, Changchow, all River Ports and North China 9.00
Shanghai-Hangchow Railway.

Sinchiang, (Taipo and Sinking) Sungkiang, Fengking, Kasha, Kashing, Wangtun, Shashi (and Tung-hsiang), Changan (also Shihmen and Shihmenwan), Linping (and Tangai) and Hangchow (also Huchow) 6.30 and 8.00 daily.

Shanghai-Hangchow Train.
Sinchiang, Sungkiang, Fengking, Kasha, Kashing (and Tangai), Shashi (and Tung-hsiang), Changan (also Shihmenwan) Linping

中華銀行

Statutes approved by the Government in 1916
Head Office: Tientsin

Capital \$2,000,000
Paid-up Capital \$1,000,000

Managing Director: SUN TAO SAN

Branches and Agencies:
Tientsin, Chinkiang, Shanghai, Soochow, Peking, Wushu, Hankow, Hangchow, Nanking, Ningpo, Yangchow, Shaoching, Hauechow, Canton, Pengpu, Hongkong, Tsingkiangpu

Shanghai Branch
441, Ningpo Road
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Credits granted on approved securities.
Y. R. SUN, Manager.
T. D. ZAR, Sub-manager.

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1917

Date and Destination

Today:
Japan via Nagasaki .. Sakaki maru .. 21.00 .. 21.00
River Ports 21.00 .. 21.00
Japan Ports 21.00 .. 21.00
Japan, U. Kingdom v. Canada 21.00 .. 21.00
Train (Daily except Sunday, 21.00 .. 21.00
Ningpo 21.00 .. 21.00
Peking and Tientsin (Every day 21.00 .. 21.00
Hankow 21.00 .. 21.00

Tomorrow:
Dairen, Manchuria & Europe .. Sakaki maru .. 21.00 .. 21.00
Tientsin, Manchuria & Dairen .. Sakaki maru .. 21.00 .. 21.00
Train v. Japan, C. de & E. 21.00 .. 21.00
Japan and Hongkong 21.00 .. 21.00
Japan via Kobe 21.00 .. 21.00
River Ports 21.00 .. 21.00
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin 21.00 .. 21.00
Watsow, Hongkong & Canton 21.00 .. 21.00
N. Saki, Kobe, Yama, C. de 21.00 .. 21.00
U. S. & Europe via U.S.A. 21.00 .. 21.00
N. Saki, Kobe, Yama, Canada 21.00 .. 21.00
Honolulu, U.S. & Europe 21.00 .. 21.00
Japan Ports 21.00 .. 21.00
Europe via Siberia 21.00 .. 21.00
Japan via Kobe 21.00 .. 21.00
Kobe 21.00 .. 21.00

Sunday, Sept. 9.
Europe via Siberia (P. Train) 21.00 .. 21.00
River Ports 21.00 .. 21.00

Monday, Sept. 10.
Europe via Siberia 21.00 .. 21.00
Japan & San Fran. via N. Saki 21.00 .. 21.00
Szechow and Canton 21.00 .. 21.00
Hongkong 21.00 .. 21.00
N. Saki, Kobe, Yama, C. de 21.00 .. 21.00

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Sept 8	10.00	San Francisco	Shinyo maru	Jap.	C. M. S. S. Co.
10	10.00	San Francisco	Shinyo maru	Jap.	C. M. S. S. Co.
13	10.00	San Francisco	Shinyo maru	Jap.	C. M. S. S. Co.
15	10.00	San Francisco	Shinyo maru	Jap.	C. M. S. S. Co.
17	10.00	San Francisco	Shinyo maru	Jap.	C. M. S. S. Co.
19	10.00	San Francisco	Shinyo maru	Jap.	C. M. S. S. Co.
21	10.00	San Francisco	Shinyo maru	Jap.	C. M. S. S. Co.
23	10.00	San Francisco	Shinyo maru	Jap.	C. M. S. S. Co.
25	10.00	San Francisco	Shinyo maru	Jap.	C. M. S. S. Co.
27	10.00	San Francisco	Shinyo maru	Jap.	C. M. S. S. Co.
29	10.00	San Francisco	Shinyo maru	Jap.	C. M. S. S. Co.
31	10.00	San Francisco	Shinyo maru	Jap.	C. M. S. S. Co.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Sept 8	2.00	Kobe	Shinyo maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
10	2.00	Kobe	Shinyo maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
13	2.00	Kobe	Shinyo maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
15	2.00	Kobe	Shinyo maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
17	2.00	Kobe	Shinyo maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
19	2.00	Kobe	Shinyo maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
21	2.00	Kobe	Shinyo maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
23	2.00	Kobe	Shinyo maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
25	2.00	Kobe	Shinyo maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
27	2.00	Kobe	Shinyo maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
29	2.00	Kobe	Shinyo maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
31	2.00	Kobe	Shinyo maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Sept 9	11.30	Java Ports	Tilpans	Dut.	H. C. T. Co.
10	11.30	Liverpool via ports	Kitano maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Sept 7	4.01	Ningpo	Hain Peking	Br.	B. & S.
7	4.01	Ningpo	Hain Peking	Br.	B. & S.
7	4.01	Ningpo	Hain Peking	Br.	B. & S.
7	4.01	Ningpo	Hain Peking	Br.	B. & S.
7	4.01	Ningpo	Hain Peking	Br.	B. & S.
7	4.01	Ningpo	Hain Peking	Br.	B. & S.
7	4.01	Ningpo	Hain Peking	Br.	B. & S.
7	4.01	Ningpo	Hain Peking	Br.	B. & S.
7	4.01	Ningpo	Hain Peking	Br.	B. & S.
7	4.01	Ningpo	Hain Peking	Br.	B. & S.
7	4.01	Ningpo	Hain Peking	Br.	B. & S.
7	4.01	Ningpo	Hain Peking	Br.	B. & S.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Sept 8	3.30	Dalry	Sakaki maru	Jap.	S. M. S. B.
8	3.30	Dalry	Sakaki maru	Jap.	S. M. S. B.
8	3.30	Dalry	Sakaki maru	Jap.	S. M. S. B.
8	3.30	Dalry	Sakaki maru	Jap.	S. M. S. B.
8	3.30	Dalry	Sakaki maru	Jap.	S. M. S. B.
8	3.30	Dalry	Sakaki maru	Jap.	S. M. S. B.
8	3.30	Dalry	Sakaki maru	Jap.	S. M. S. B.
8	3.30	Dalry	Sakaki maru	Jap.	S. M. S. B.
8	3.30	Dalry	Sakaki maru	Jap.	S. M. S. B.
8	3.30	Dalry	Sakaki maru	Jap.	S. M. S. B.
8	3.30	Dalry	Sakaki maru	Jap.	S. M. S. B.
8	3.30	Dalry	Sakaki maru	Jap.	S. M. S. B.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Sept 7	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
7	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
7	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
7	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
7	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
7	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
7	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
7	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
7	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
7	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
7	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
7	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
7	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.

Arrivals

Date	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
Sept 6	Ningpo	Kiankwan	2013	Chi.	C. M. S. S. Co.	KLYW
6	Marcellus	Kiankwan	2013	Chi.	C. M. S. S. Co.	KLYW
6	Japan	Kiankwan	2013	Chi.	C. M. S. S. Co.	KLYW
6	Hankow	Kiankwan	2013	Chi.	C. M. S. S. Co.	KLYW
6	Hankow	Kiankwan	2013	Chi.	C. M. S. S. Co.	KLYW
6	Hankow	Kiankwan	2013	Chi.	C. M. S. S. Co.	KLYW
6	Hankow	Kiankwan	2013	Chi.	C. M. S. S. Co.	KLYW
6	Hankow	Kiankwan	2013	Chi.	C. M. S. S. Co.	KLYW
6	Hankow	Kiankwan	2013	Chi.	C. M. S. S. Co.	KLYW
6	Hankow	Kiankwan	2013	Chi.	C. M. S. S. Co.	KLYW
6	Hankow	Kiankwan	2013	Chi.	C. M. S. S. Co.	KLYW
6	Hankow	Kiankwan	2013	Chi.	C. M. S. S. Co.	KLYW

Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents
Sept 6	Hankow etc.	Tafoo maru	1766	Jap.	N. Y. K.
6	Hankow etc.	Tafoo maru	1766	Jap.	N. Y. K.
6	Hankow etc.	Tafoo maru	1766	Jap.	N. Y. K.
6	Hankow etc.	Tafoo maru	1766	Jap.	N. Y. K.
6	Hankow etc.	Tafoo maru	1766	Jap.	N. Y. K.
6	Hankow etc.	Tafoo maru	1766	Jap.	N. Y. K.
6	Hankow etc.	Tafoo maru	1766	Jap.	N. Y. K.
6	Hankow etc.	Tafoo maru	1766	Jap.	N. Y. K.
6	Hankow etc.	Tafoo maru	1766	Jap.	N. Y. K.
6	Hankow etc.	Tafoo maru	1766	Jap.	N. Y. K.
6	Hankow etc.	Tafoo maru	1766	Jap.	N. Y. K.
6	Hankow etc.	Tafoo maru	1766	Jap.	N. Y. K.

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co's Str. Nanyang Maru, Capt. A. E. Inwood, will be despatched from C.M.S.N. Co. Central wharf on Saturday, September 8, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund, Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co's Str. Suiwo, tons 2,671 Capt. Sellar will leave on Friday, September 7, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd., General Managers, Tel. No. 240.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co's Str. Chungking Capt. Monkman, will leave on Friday, Sept. 7, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents, Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Poyang, Capt. Carnaghan will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, September 8, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Southern Ports

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co's str. Hain Peking, Capt. A. Scott, R.N.R. will leave from the French Bund on Friday, September 7, at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

SWATOW & HONGKONG.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Anhui, Capt. Eddy, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Sunday, September 9, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Sunning, Capt. W. L. Jones will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, Sept. 11, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

AMOI, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co's Str. Shantung, Capt. Macarrel, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, Sept. 13, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOCHOW and KEELUNG.—The Str. Keelung Maru, Capt. T. Kamashi, will be despatched from the Co's pootung wharf on September 16, at daylight. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nishin Kisen Kaisha at the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund, Tel. No. 4234 and 4047.

HONGKONG.—The Str. Canada Maru, Captain T. Suruga, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtze-poo wharf on September 25 at daylight. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty at the same day. For Freight or Passage, apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund, Tel. No. 4234 and 4047.

For Northern Ports

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIEN-TSIN.—The China Navigation Co's Str. Tungchow, Capt. M. Intosh, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, Sept. 8, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIEN-TSIN.—The China Navigation Co's Str. Shengking Capt. Barkus, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, Sept. 11, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIEN-TSIN.—The China Navigation Co's Str. Fengtien, Capt. Harris, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, Sept. 15, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TIEN-TSIN, DAIREN and TSINGTAO.—The Str. Kohoku M. Capt. K. Salto, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtze-poo wharf on Sept. 18, at daylight. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nishin Kisen Kaisha at the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund, Tel. No. 4234 and 4047.

For Foreign Ports

Cargo for Port Said will be accepted per S/S "AWA MARU," leaving Kobe on Sept. 19th. (Transshipment at Kobe or Moji.)

Cargo to be shipped from Shanghai per "KASUGA MARU," 13th inst. or "CHIKUZEN MARU," 15th inst.

For further particulars, apply to Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, INLAND SEA, KOBE, YOKOHAMA, HONOLULU.—The s.s. Shinyo Maru 22,000 tons, Capt. W. C. T. S. Filmer, will be despatched on Monday, September 19. Tender conveying passengers and mails will leave Customs Jetty at 12 o'clock noon. For passage apply to Toyo Kisen Kaisha, T. N. Alexander, Agent.

TACOMA and SEATTLE, CALLING at VICTORIA B.C. via MOJI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Str. Mexico M. Capt. K. Komiya, will be despatched from on September 19, at daylight. Bills of Lading are granted for American Ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co. at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. The tender will leave the Customs Jetty for conveyance of passengers and mails to the steamer, at the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to The O.S.K. No. 4, The Bund, Tel. No. 4234 and 4047.

TACOMA & SEATTLE, CALLING at VICTORIA B.C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Str. Hawaii Maru, Capt. J. Kanao, will be despatched from on Monday, October 1, at daylight. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American Ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee &

C. N. C. CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

YANGTZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS. FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG, and HANKOW.—S.S. Luanyi, Nagankin, Poyang, Taitung, Tungting, Chungking and Wuchang.—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight. These steamers connect with the Company's regular lines on the Upper Yangtze and Hunan Lake.

*The s.s. Wuchang is especially fitted to handle heavy lifts. Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at midnight.

For HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Anhui, Chenan, Yingschow, Shinkiang, Shantung and Sunning.—Sailing from the French Bund and connection at Hongkong with the Company's steamers for Hoihow, Pakhoi, Halphay, Manila, Cebu, Iloilo, Zamboanga and Australian ports. Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday, and Sunday.

For TIEN-TSIN and PEKING via WEIHAIWEI and CHEFOO.—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shantung and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

For NINGPO.—S.S. Hain Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund. Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4 p.m. The above steamers are installed with Electric Light throughout, with Steam Heaters in the State Rooms and Dining Saloon, and are otherwise completely fitted for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For further particulars regarding passage money, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE," obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car Express Train Co., or from Messrs. THOMAS COOK & SON, Fochow Road.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents, 21-23 French Bund. Freight: Telephone N. 77. Passage: Telephone N. 401.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.

U. S. MAIL LINE

Operating the new first-class steamers "Ecuador," "Venezuela" and "Colombia" 14,000 tons each

TO SAN FRANCISCO VIA KOBE, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU.

THE SUNSHINE BELT The most comfortable route to America and Europe

SAILINGS FOR SAN FRANCISCO

S.S. "Ecuador"	Sept. 15, 1917
S.S. "Colombia"	Oct. 13, 1917
S.S. "Venezuela"	Nov. 10, 1917
S.S. "Ecuador"	Dec. 7, 1917

SAILINGS FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

S.S. "Colombia"	Sept. 22, 1917
S.S. "Venezuela"	Oct. 20, 1917
S.S. "Ecuador"	Nov. 17, 1917
S.S. "Colombia"	Dec. 15, 1917

(Subject to change) ...

The Safety and Comfort of Passengers our first consideration.

Tickets interchangeable with the Toyo Kisen Kaisha and the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd.

For further information re freight and passage, apply to

B. C. HAILE, Agent.

1b Nanking Road (Palace Hotel Building) Telephone 5056. Shanghai.

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

(Osaka Mercantile S. S. Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

(Subject to Alteration)

AMERICAN LINE

(For Tacoma and Seattle, Wash.)

Via Pacific, calling at Nagasaki or Moji, Kobe, Yokkaichi, Shimizu, Yokohama and Victoria, B. C.

"MEXICO MARU" ... (12,000 tons) Capt. K. Komiya, Sept. 18, 19

"HAWAII MARU" ... (18,000 tons) Capt. J. Kanao, Sept. 30, Oct. 1

(For Hongkong)

"CANADA MARU" ... (12,000 tons) Capt. T. Suruga, Sept. 24, 25

CHINA COASTING LINE

For Tientsin, Dairen and Tsingtau ar. leave.

"KOHOKU MARU" ... (2,610 tons) Capt. K. Salto, Sept. 16, 18

For Fochow, Keelung and Takao ar. leave.

"KEELUNG MARU" ... (1,569 tons) Capt. T. Kamashi, Sept. 13, 16

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to South America, Australia, India, China, Korea, Vladivostok, and also between the Principal Ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information, please apply to:—

H. YAMAUCHI, Manager, OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

Tel. Address: SHOSEN, SHANGHAI Union Building, 4 The Bund. Tel. 4047, 4234.

TACOMA & SEATTLE, CALLING at VICTORIA B.C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Str. Hawaii Maru, Capt. J. Kanao, will be despatched from on Monday, October 1, at daylight. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American Ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee &

St. Paul Railway Co. at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. The tender will leave the Customs Jetty for conveyance of passengers and mails to the steamer, at the same day. For Freight or Passage, apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund, Tel. No. 4234 and 4047.

CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES LIMITED

October in Japan

is one of the most delightful months of the entire year. The wonderful Autumn foliage and delicious persimmons are both approaching their best. For those with limited time the following schedule is ideal:

Leave Shanghai Sept. 29, Empress of Asia, Arrive Yokohama Oct. 6.

Leave Yokohama Oct. 8 Empress of Russia, Arrive Shanghai Oct. 12.

Tickets are good for six months, permit you to travel between ports in Japan by rail and are interchangeable with the Pacific Mail and T. K. K.

Book your passage now.

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, etc., apply to

G. M. JACKSON, General Agent, Passenger Department, 19-A The Bund, Palace Hotel Building, Tel. Central 182.

For through bills of lading, quotation of freight rates, etc., apply to

L. E. N. RYAN, Agent, Corner Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads, Tel. Central 181.

T. K. K. TOYO KISEN KAISHA (ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.)

SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE

To San Francisco from Shanghai via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.

"SHINYO MARU"	22,000 tons	Sept. 10 - 1917
"KOREA MARU"	20,000 "	Oct. 8 "
"SIBERIA MARU"	18,000 "	Oct. 18 "

SHIPPING

N. Y. K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
(Subject to alteration.)

EUROPEAN LINE.

For London or Liverpool via ports.
(For Liverpool.)

	Tons		
*HITACHI MARU	12,500		Sept. 5
*YO MARU	12,500		Sept. 21
*KITANO MARU	10,000		Sept. 30

FOR HONGKONG.

INABA MARU 12,500 Capt. K. Higo, Sept. 25

AMERICAN LINE.

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Shanghai, Moji, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B.C., and Seattle, Wash.

SHIDZUOKA MARU	12,500	Capt. I. Noma	Sept. 17
INABA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Higo	Oct. 13
YOKOHAMA MARU	12,500	Capt. T. Terada	Oct. 29

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

HAUAI MARU	5,000	Capt. K. Takano	Sept. 8
YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Suzuki	Sept. 11
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. M. Machida	Sept. 15
CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Capt. Y. Yui	Sept. 18
YAWATA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Yasuhara	Sept. 22

SHANGHAI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji.)

KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. S. Salto	Sept. 6
KASUGA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Yagi	Sept. 13

KOBE TO SEATTLE.

TAMBA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Akamatsu	Oct. 5
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FOR JAPAN.

KITANO MARU	10,000		Sept. 8
SHIDZUOKA MARU	12,500	Capt. I. Noma	Sept. 17

AUSTRALIAN LINE.

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila.)

TANGO MARU	14,000		Leave Hongkong, Sept. 18, 1917
NIKKO MARU	10,000		Oct. 16, 1917
AKI MARU	12,500		Nov. 13, 1917

CALCUTTA LINE.

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage.)

BOMBAY LINE.

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage.)

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information, apply to
T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai, Tel. No. 2725.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

000 = Midnight, 1330 = 130 p.m.

July 1st, 1917, and until further notice

Mail	Local	Express	Mail	Local	Express	Mail	Local	Express	Mail	Local	Express
101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101
205	205	205	205	205	205	205	205	205	205	205	205
234	234	234	234	234	234	234	234	234	234	234	234
230	230	230	230	230	230	230	230	230	230	230	230
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1915	1915	1915	1915	1915	1915	1915	1915	1915	1915	1915	1915
Local	Local	Local	Local	Local	Local	Local	Local	Local	Local	Local	Local
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
715	715	715	715	715	715	715	715	715	715	715	715
725	725	725	725	725	725	725	725	725	725	725	725
745	745	745	745	745	745	745	745	745	745	745	745
1115	1115	1115	1115	1115	1115	1115	1115	1115	1115	1115	1115
1407	1407	1407	1407	1407	1407	1407	1407	1407	1407	1407	1407
1801	1801	1801	1801	1801	1801	1801	1801	1801	1801	1801	1801
7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
1030	1030	1030	1030	1030	1030	1030	1030	1030	1030	1030	1030
1310	1310	1310	1310	1310	1310	1310	1310	1310	1310	1310	1310
1315	1315	1315	1315	1315	1315	1315	1315	1315	1315	1315	1315
1505	1505	1505	1505	1505	1505	1505	1505	1505	1505	1505	1505
1814	1814	1814	1814	1814	1814	1814	1814	1814	1814	1814	1814
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630
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1204	1204	1204	1204	1204	1204	1204	1204	1204	1204	1204	1204
1607	1607	1607	1607	1607	1607	1607	1607	1607	1607	1607	1607
1814	1814	1814	1814	1814	1814	1814	1814	1814	1814	1814	1814
Express	Express	Express	Express	Express	Express	Express	Express	Express	Express	Express	Express
10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400
2300	2300	2300	2300	2300	2300	2300	2300	2300	2300	2300	2300
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Express	Local	Express	Local	Express	Local	Express	Local	Express	Local	Express	Local
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700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700

Peking Cabinet Split Now,
Chinese Telegrams Say

(From the Chinese Press)

While the President and the Premier are at loggerheads, members of the Cabinet have also split on

Business and Official Notices

Grand Balloon Ascent
and
Daring Parachute Descent
by
Dare Devil Eadon
From French Public Garden
(Late German Garden Club)
No. 474 AVENUE JOFFRE
Sunday afternoon, Sept. 9th
Also Band Concert.
Gate Open 2.00 p.m.
Band Concert from 3.00 p.m.
Inflating Balloon about 5.30 p.m.
Ascent about 6.00 p.m.
Admission Adults \$2.00
Children \$1.00
15029

Commercial Pacific Cable Company

NOTICE

United States Censorship
On and after September fifteenth the serial number when used will be the first word in a cablegram and the test word when used will be the last word in a cablegram.

J. D. GAINES,
Superintendent.
Shanghai, September 7, 1917.
15027

FOR SALE

Home-made Preserved Figs
at
The British Flower Shop
15023

The Ayer Tawah Rubber Plantation Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Directors have declared a third interim dividend, for the year ending 30th September, 1917, of 10 per cent on the issued capital of the Company, being equal to One Tael per share, payable on the 15th day of September, 1917, to Shareholders on the Register at that date.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 12th to the 15th September, 1917, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
GEDDES & CO., LTD.
Secretaries.
15009

LOST

Eight Rubber Shares Certificates were lost on 1st September, 1917, viz:
Samagaga Nos. 444701/444950
Cheng 447951/448450
Consolidated 63011/63210
Kroewoek 104966/105065
Kroewoek 54101/54290
Semambu 206501/206600
Karan 213001/213500
The public are hereby warned against accepting and negotiating the same which have been notified to the Agents of separate Companies, and have been declared null and void.

This advertisement also appears in "North China Daily News," "Shunpo" and "Siu Wan Pao."
The Shareholder,
Chu Shou Ling alias Chu Shou Koo.
Shanghai, September 3, 1917.
15012

朱小麟即朱被記

Whangpoo Conservancy Board

NOTIFICATION No. 71

A position as engineer on the Board's floating pumping plant "Hai Ching" is vacant.
Qualified applicants are requested to hand in their written applications, with copies of testimonials, before noon, September 10th, to the Engineering Department, 6 Kiukiang Road.

H. VON HEIDENSTAM,
Engineer-in-Chief.
Shanghai, Sept. 3, 1917.
14999

Kroewoek Java Plantations, Ltd.

NOTICE

At a Board Meeting held on the 27th August, 1917, it was decided to pay a Second Interim Dividend of Tls. 0.50 per share on the 15th September, 1917, to shareholders on record on the 10th September, 1917.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 10th to the 15th September, 1917, both days inclusive.
By Order of the Board,
J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries & General Managers.
14914

Have you tried our

"UPPER CRUST"

Rye Whiskey?

—THE WHISKEY—
—OF QUALITY—

Phone 2021
GARNER, QUELCH & CO.

WINE MERCHANTS
73 Szechuen Road

Shanghai Yacht Club

REGATTA

AT WOOSUNG
In aid of the Sailors' War Orphans' Fund

On Sunday, September 9th

All owners of yachts are expected to be present.
Tiffin (\$2) will be provided at the Woosung Forts Hotel. Those intending to be present should notify the Secretary (Mr. A. J. Stewart, 63 Haskell Road) beforehand.

Trains will leave Shanghai at 9.30 a.m. and return from Woosung at 6.30 p.m. It is hoped that the public will support the Club in its efforts to aid a Fund that should appeal to all of British blood.
The catering by Shepherd's Cafe.
E. T. BYRNE,
Commodore.
August 30, 1917.
14965

Man I. Potatoes

8 cents per lb
Smoked Cod's Roe
75 cents per lb

American Salt Mackerel
69 cents each

Salt Anchovies
50 cents per lb

Motor Delivery Service
C. EDDIE & CO.
1132-3 Broadway, Shanghai
Telephone North 639

ZUNG LEE & SONS, (W. Z. Lee & Sons, Est. 1895), BROADWAY, SHANGHAI

METALS AND HARDWARE

Contractors to Governments, Municipalities, Railways, Tramways, etc.

SATISFIED CUSTOMERS

ARE
NEVER SATISFIED

THEY ALWAYS RETURN TO

GRIFFITHS' STORES

FOR MORE OF CLUFF'S

DELICIOUS

"BLUE RIBBON"

TINNED FRUITS

TELEPHONE WEST 641 FOR A TRIAL ORDER

not over \$40



PROTECTOGRAPHES

Writing up to \$1,000 at \$20, up to \$2,000 at \$40

Tel.
4778

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

4 Canton Road, Shanghai

Up-to-date FOR Artistic

PRINTING

Ask

SHANGHAI PRESS, LIMITED

Office & Works: 38A HASKELL ROAD

Phone: NORTH 2652

AU CHIC PARISIEN

REMOVED

to

44 Bubbling We'l Road

((Arts & Crafts Building))

Customers will kindly note change of

TELEPHONE NO. WEST 1296

The Tientsin-Pukow Railway Administration

Notification No. 262.

INVITATION OF TENDERS (090/1).

Tenders, which will be opened at 3 p.m. on the 1st day of November, 1917, are hereby invited for the supply of LOCOMOTIVE and WAGON TYRES and AXLES and COPPER RODS FOR FIRE-BOX STAY BOLTS, for a free list of which apply to the Administration, where tender forms attached with drawings and full particulars may be obtained on payment of a sum of \$5.00.

(Signed) S. C. SHÜ,

Managing Director.

Tientsin, September 1, 1917.

WANTED ACCOUNTANTS

Men to become Experts
TRAINED MEN needed in every part for the detailed production of the present and past history of the Chinese economy. The successful candidate will be given a free list of which apply to the Administration, where tender forms attached with drawings and full particulars may be obtained on payment of a sum of \$5.00.

GODOWN TO LET

LARGE godown to let, central and well-situated. Floor space 10,560 ft. Apply to 10 Yangtzepoo Road.

WIDLER & CO.,

Chungking, West China

Born 1916—Still Existing.

Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE

14-15 Quinsan Gardens

Comfortable rooms Front and back, with bathrooms and verandah to let. Moderate prices. Good table.
Tel. 3482

Nos. 8 & 11 Quinsan Gardens

Ladies and Gentlemen desiring meals in Town will find an excellent table at Nos. 8 and 11 Quinsan Gardens. Telephone 1946. Kitchen under the personal supervision of the proprietress. Terms moderate.

TO LET, with board, one small room, also attic room, suitable lady or gentleman, in a quiet British home. Terms moderate. 12a Quinsan Gardens.
15031 S.9.

UNFURNISHED or furnished room to let, with bathroom attached, close to trams and French Club, 5 minutes to Bund. Apply to Box 65, THE CHINA PRESS.
15037 S.9.

TO LET, furnished, one front room, \$18 per month. Apply 65 Broadway Terrace.
15021 S.8.

CENTRAL. To let, separately or together, two well-furnished south rooms, bathrooms (with geyser and shower attached). Terms moderate. Apply to Box 52, THE CHINA PRESS.
15007 S.7.

TO LET, a large well-furnished double bedroom, from 15th. Good board and attendance, lift and phone, near Bund. Apply to Box 45, THE CHINA PRESS.
14988

WITH German couple, two unfurnished rooms, with bathroom, etc., and use of kitchen, if desired; board optional. Apply to Box 51, THE CHINA PRESS.
15006

TO LET, from 1st October, well-furnished flat, comprising two large, airy rooms, separate kitchen, bathroom, enclosed verandah, southern aspect, Range Road. Apply to Box 53, THE CHINA PRESS.
15011

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED to rent for nine months or a year, from about November 1st, in the Western district (International or French Settlement) a 6 or 7-roomed house, preferably furnished, with all modern conveniences, garage, etc. Must have good garden and tennis lawn. Please apply to British Commercial Attache, c/o H.M. Consulate-General.
14976

Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE, a Moutrie's piano, in excellent condition, Tls. 225. Apply to Box 62, THE CHINA PRESS.
15032 S.11.

FOR SALE: One iron, spiral staircase. A good opportunity. Apply to Box 63, THE CHINA PRESS.
15033 S.9.

SINGER sewing machine (hand), cost \$50, for sale or exchange for gramophone and records. Apply to Box 64, THE CHINA PRESS.
15034 S.7.

ONE Triumph motor-cycle and side-car, 3 1/2 h.p., in excellent condition, for sale, Tls. 300. Apply to Box 61, THE CHINA PRESS.
15024 S.7.

SITUATIONS WANTED

EUROPEAN NURSE available October 1st to take charge of one or more children. Lessons, if desired. Apply to Box 60, THE CHINA PRESS.
15028 S.11.

WANTED: By accountant stenographer, contract work in accountancy correspondence, private or general, either day or night, experienced, reliable, references. Apply to Box 33, THE CHINA PRESS.
14964 S.2.

OFFICE MAN of experience, holding responsible position, wants extra work after office hours and lots of it; no work too complex to handle; no position too small to consider or accept, to either one of which I promise true devotion, and to him who favors me with his confidence, I shall be unremitting in my labours to compensate. Apply to Ally, THE CHINA PRESS.
14134

EXPERIENCED LADY stenographer (Ally) desires position. Knowledge of general office work and French. Apply to Box 56, THE CHINA PRESS.
15016

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED: By American Firm, Experienced Accountant, Foreigner. State experience, salary expected, nationality, etc. Apply to Box 66, THE CHINA PRESS.

WANTED: By American Firm, Outside Salesman who understands the local market. State experience, salary expected, nationality, etc. Good prospects for right man. Apply to Box 67, THE CHINA PRESS.

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, from Sept. 15th, No. 73 Route Vallon, large modern residence, tennis lawn, rent Tls. 150 per month, including light, water and taxes. China Realty Co., Ltd., 39 Nanking Road.
14908

TO LET, No. 4 Annam Road, five-roomed house, small garden, two bathrooms, stable. Tls. 85 per month. China Realty Co., Ltd., 39 Nanking Road.
14960

TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consular, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translation work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents, advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, c/o 1-a Peking Road, or P.D., 159 Haining Road, opposite West End Lane.
14976

The Crest Hotel

SICCAWEI ROAD

THE
MOST POPULAR
EVENING RESORT
IN
SHANGHAI

The Crest Hotel

STEAMERS

for Purchase or Sale.

Only bona fide applications will be entertained. References required

C. A. MARTINO MARQUES,

Ship Broker,

96 Szechuen Road.

Tel. No. 380.

RING UP 3809

for a comfortable 5-passenger car

PER HOUR \$4.00 PER HOUR

CENTRAL GARAGE CO., LTD.

2a Jinkee Road.

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 11